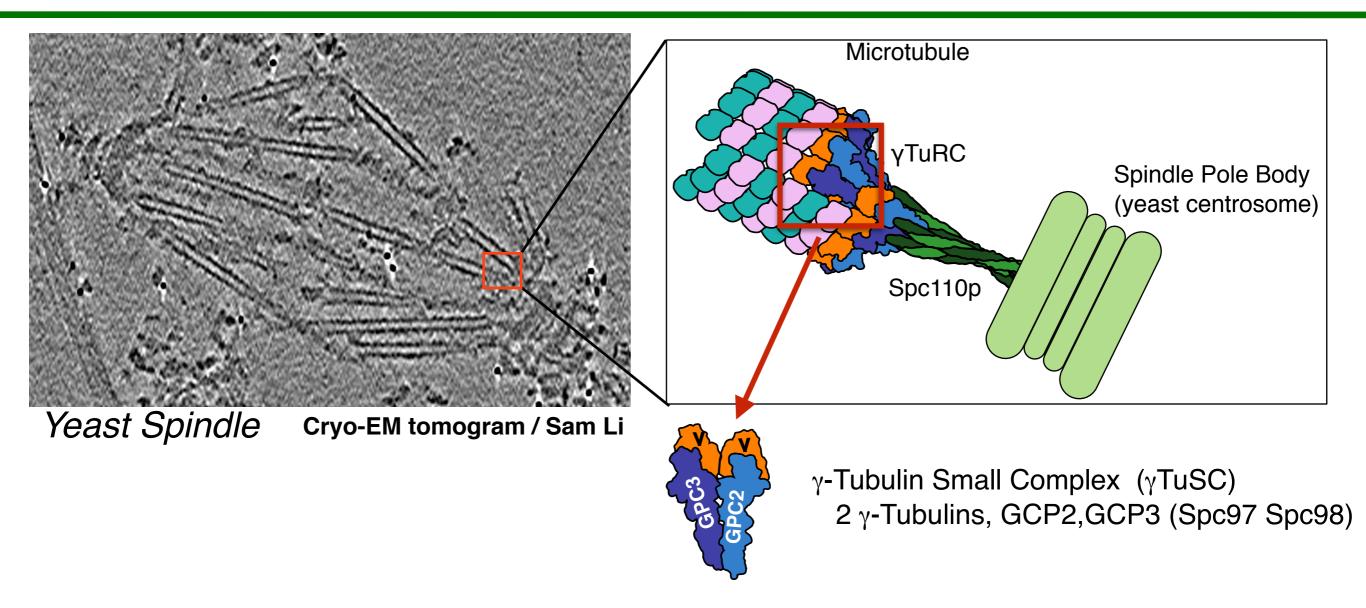
The Atomic Structure of the Microtubule Nucleating y-tubulin Small Complex and its Implications for Regulation

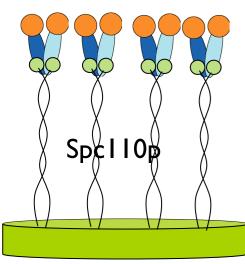
> Axel Brilot Agard Lab, UCSF in collaboration with Davis Lab, UW

Microtubule nucleation by y-tubulin Complexes

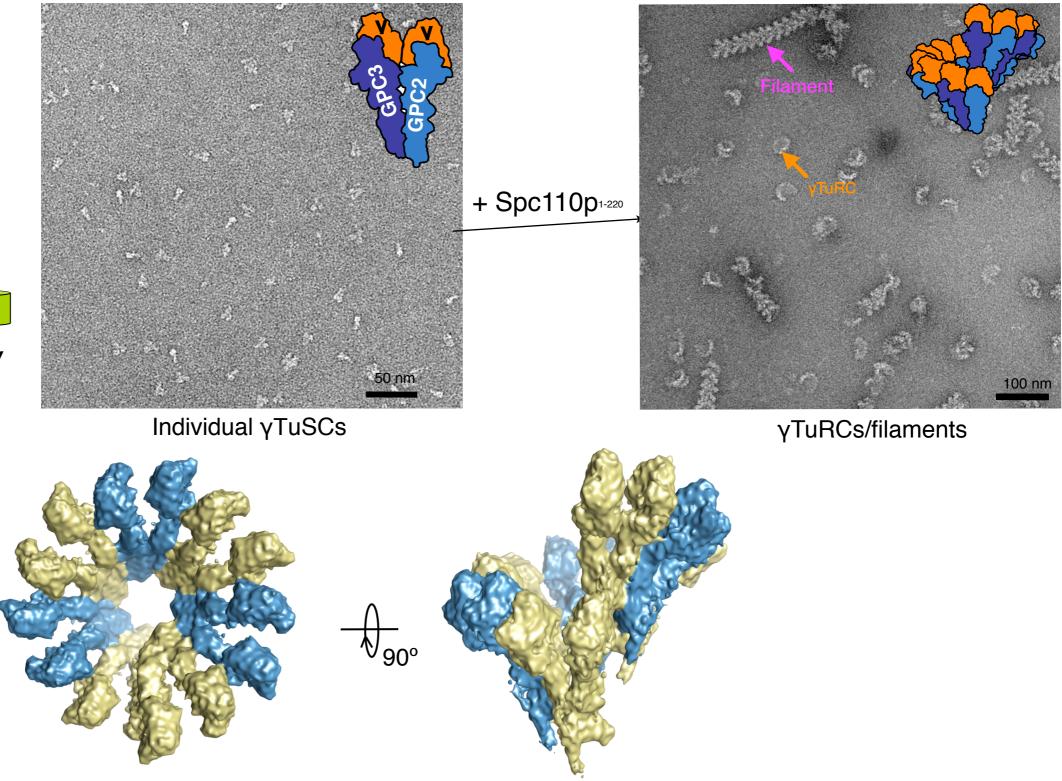


γTuSC/γTuRC structure, assembly, activation

Attachment factor Spc110 stabilizes yTuSC assembly



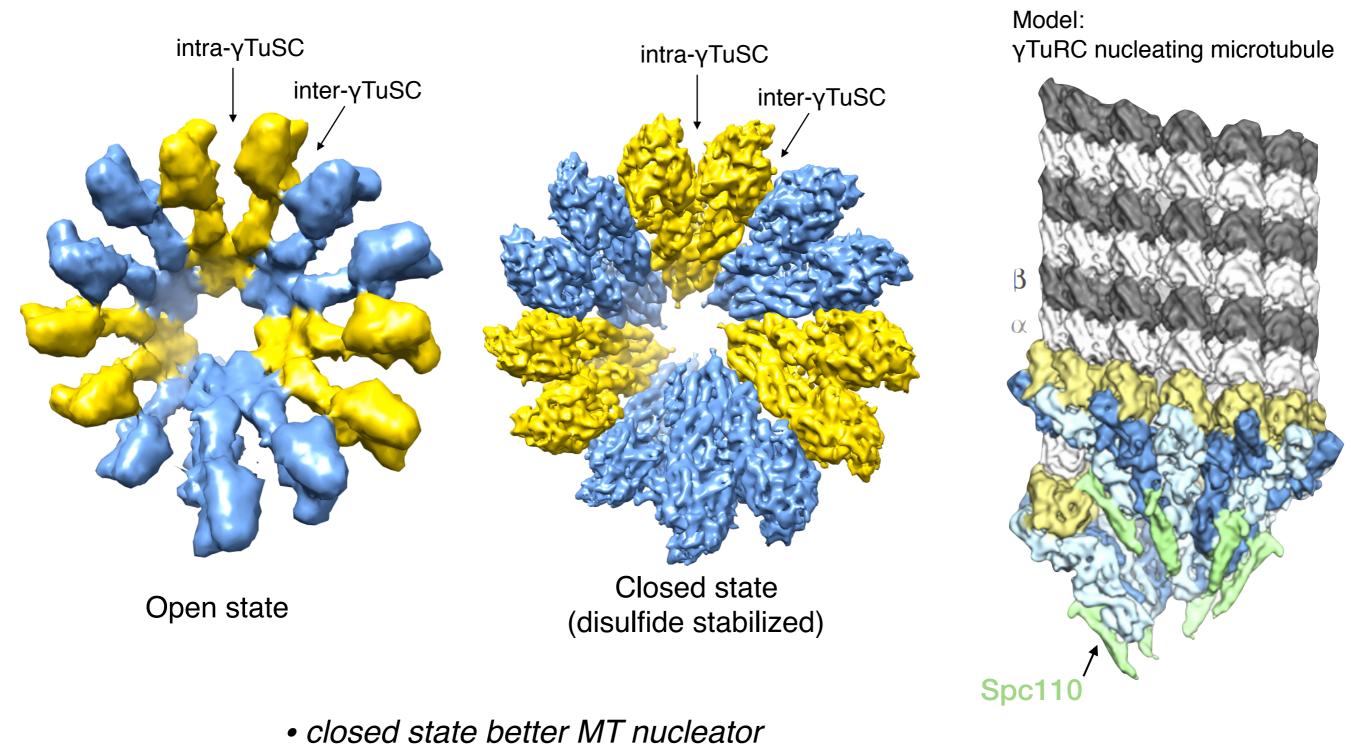
spindle pole body



6.5 γTuSCs/turn = 13 γ-tubulins = *in vivo* MT protofilament #

J. Kollman

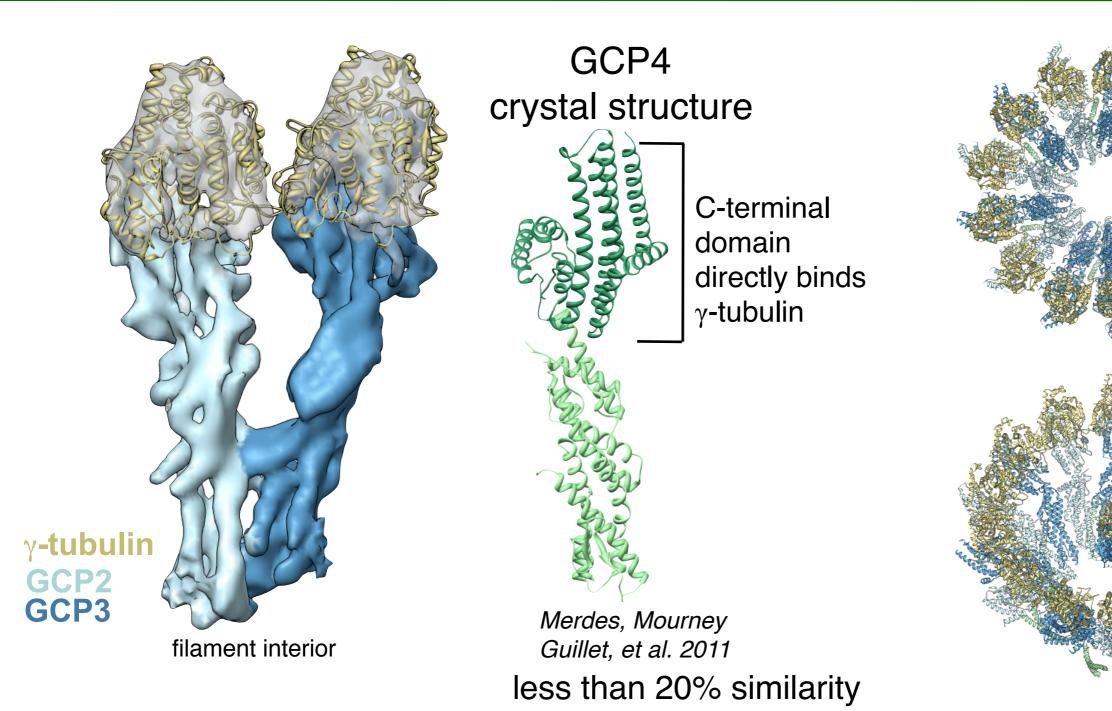
Open - closed transition enhances γ **-TuRC MT nucleation**



• suggests closure as a regulatory mechanism

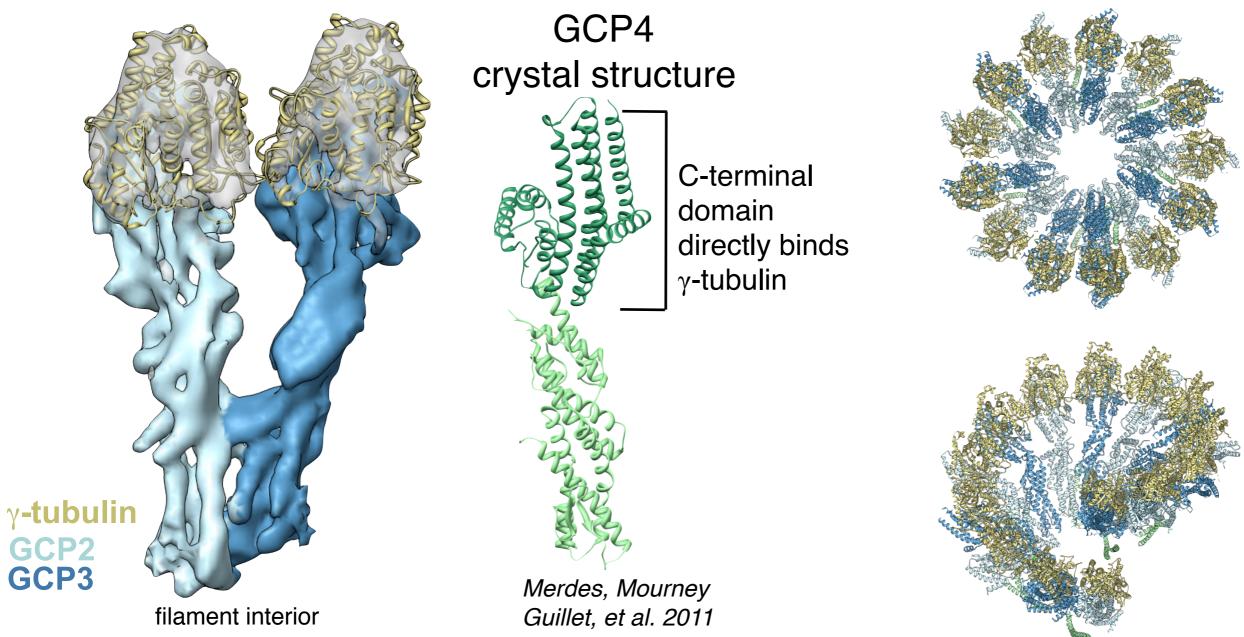
J. Kollman

γTuSC pseudo-atomic model built using 6.5Å oxidized map



C. Greenberg/A. Sali J. Kollman

γTuSC pseudo-atomic model built using 6.5Å oxidized map

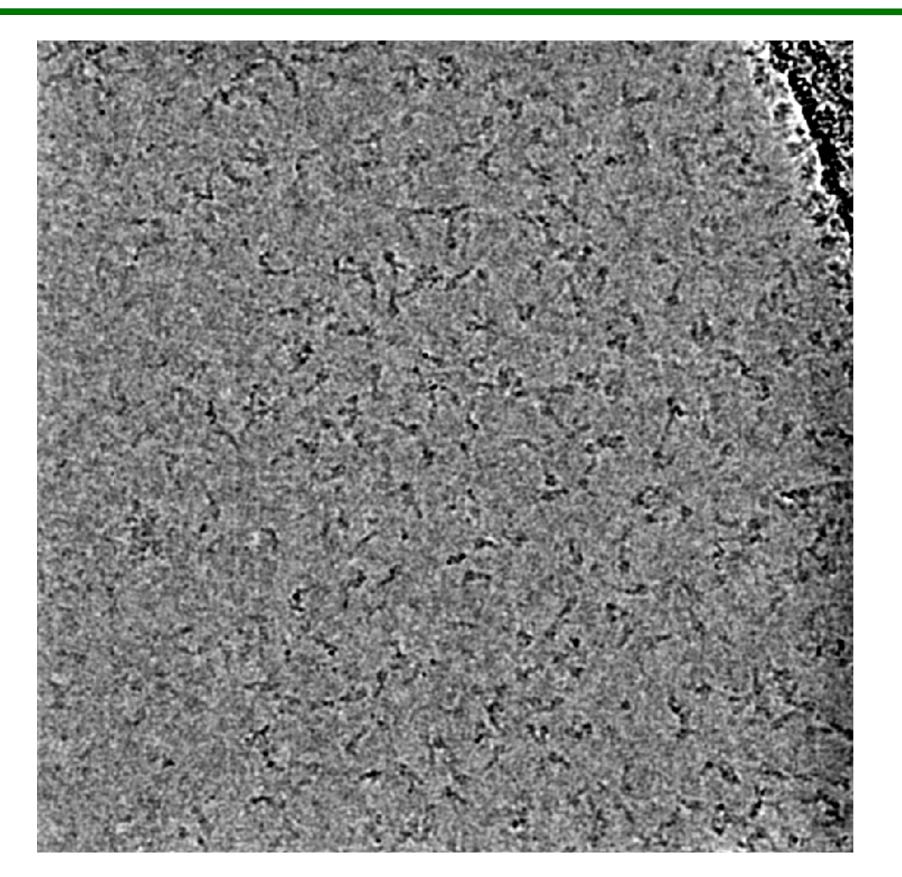


less than 20% similarity

Missing 234 aa from gcp2, 275 aa from gcp3 Built into a ~6.5 Å map

C. Greenberg/A. Sali J. Kollman

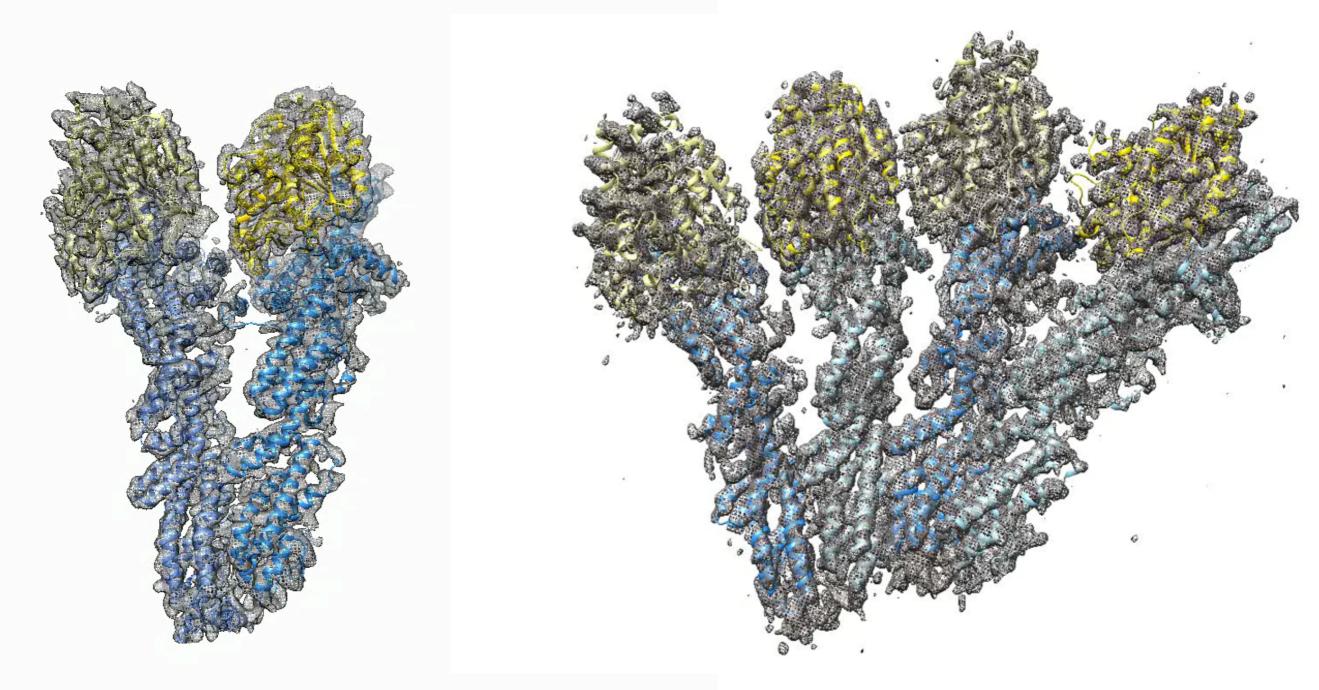
The Image Data



Polara Data

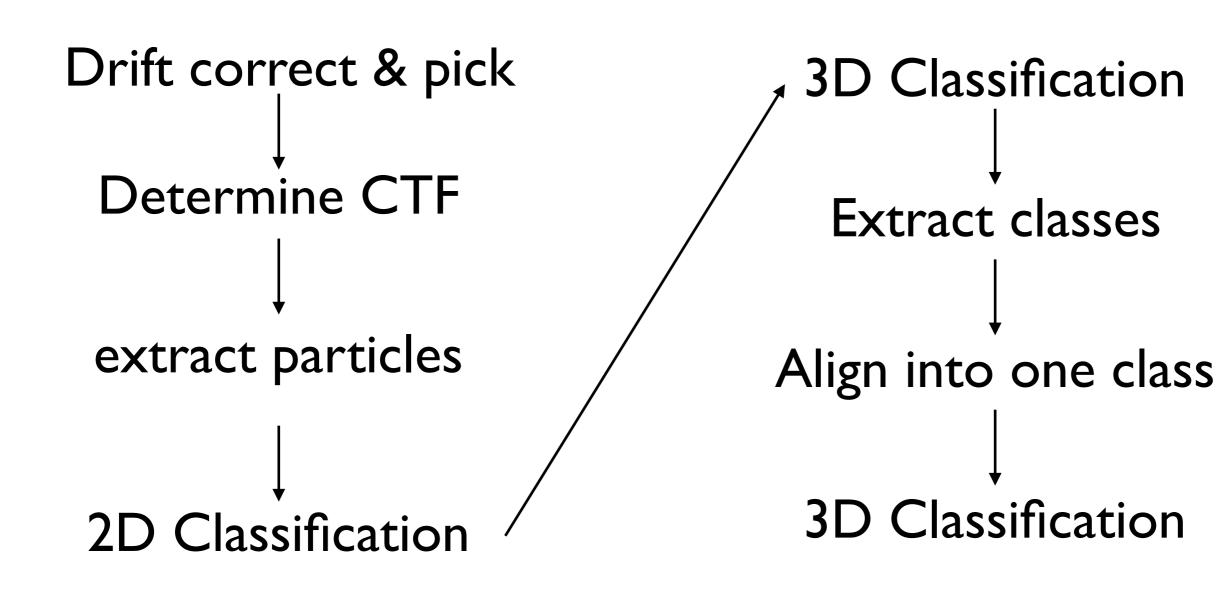
~80 e-/A2 Dose filtered & aligned with MotionCorr2 Thon rings 5Å or better

γTuSC monomer/dimer by single particle cryoEM (3.8Å)



- first true atomic description of γTuSC, numerous inserts, etc
- \bullet differences in the interfaces between the $\gamma TuSCs$ vs internal interface
- conformational changes in γ-tubulin upon assembly into γTuSC
- interpretation of phosphorylation sites, mutations

Workflow



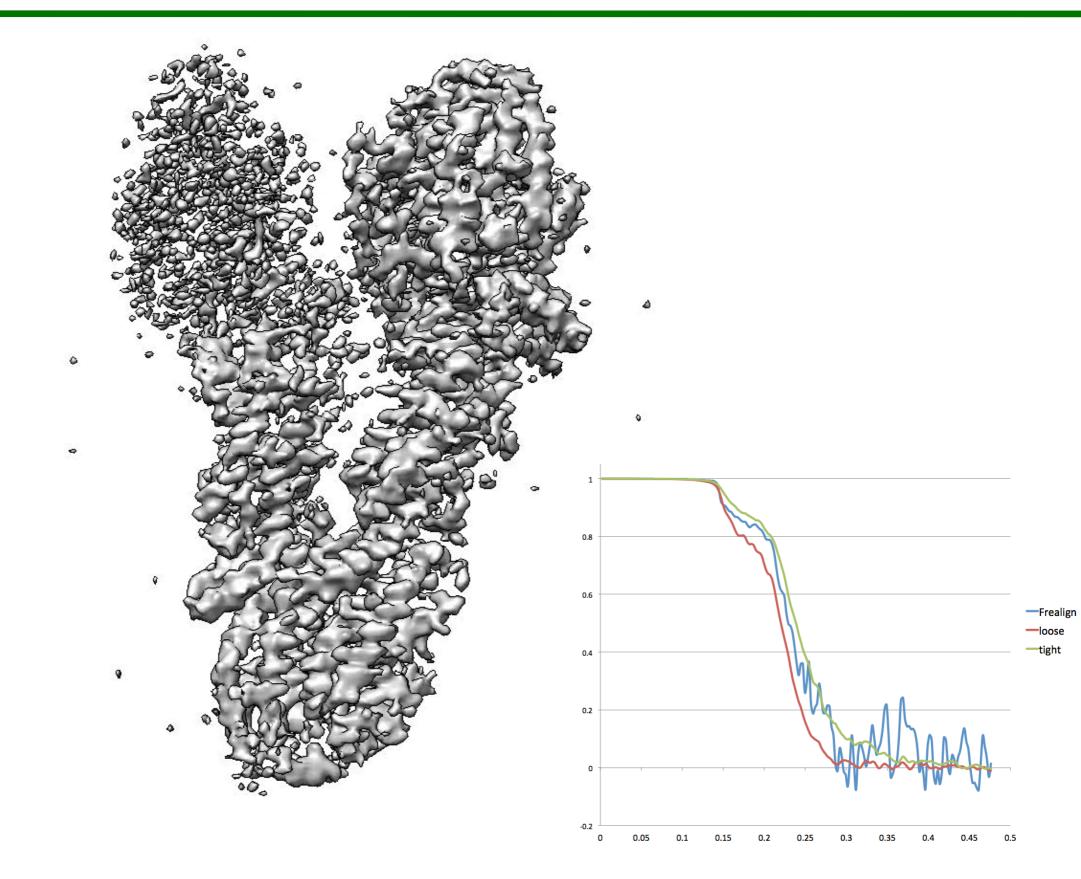
Increase Dataset size (+0.5M particles)

Various Programs (Relion, cryosparc) Full workflow, as well as feeding them classification results from Frealign

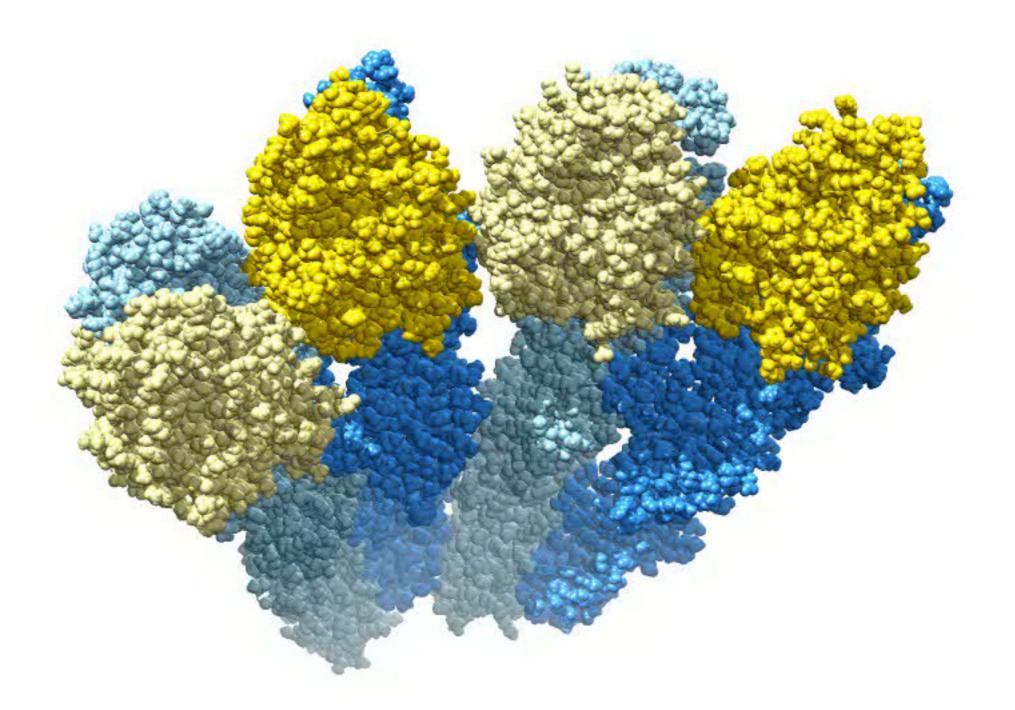
Focused Classification in Frealign

Various Masks Half-Tusc, Base only, Base plus one tubulin arm

Improving the Map - Frealign, Shaped Masks and Weighting

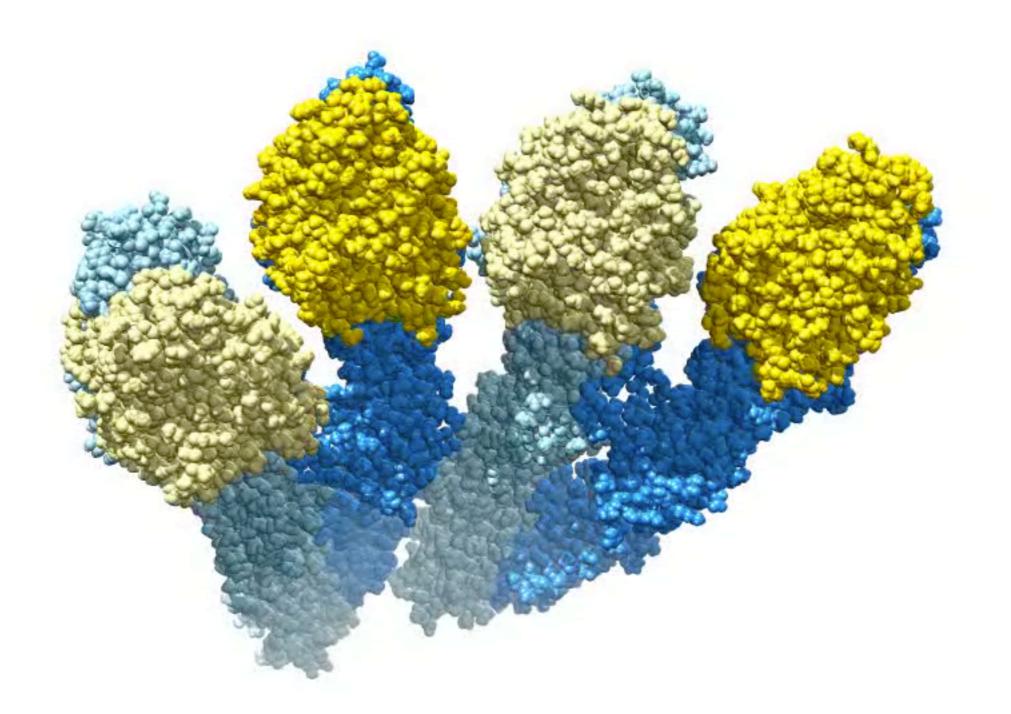


Assembly driven global conformation changes



both assembly & allosteric conformational changes required

Assembly driven global conformation changes



both assembly & allosteric conformational changes required

Assembly driven global conformation changes

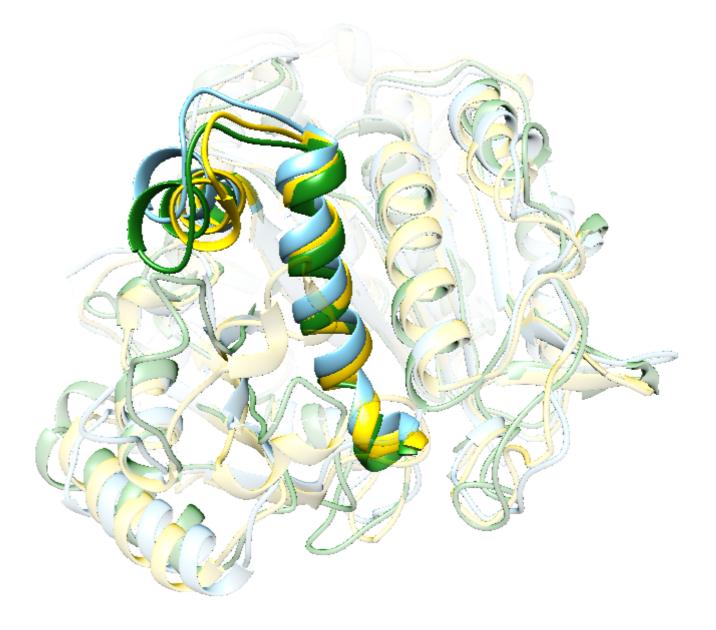
GCP3 N-terminus

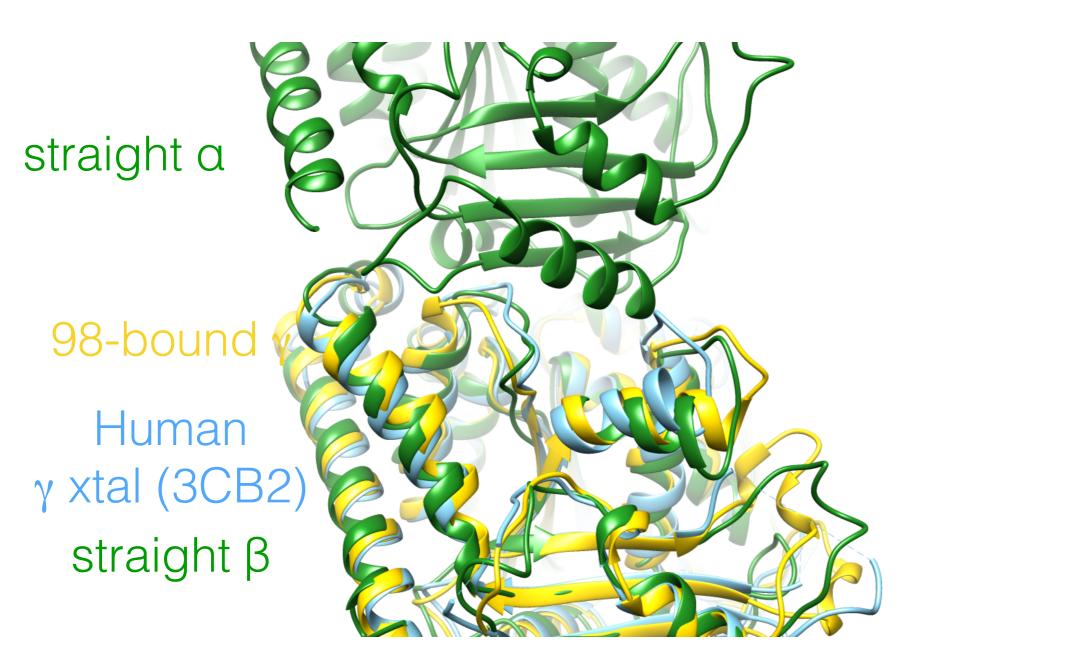
Twist of the conserved GCP domains is the major re-arrangement

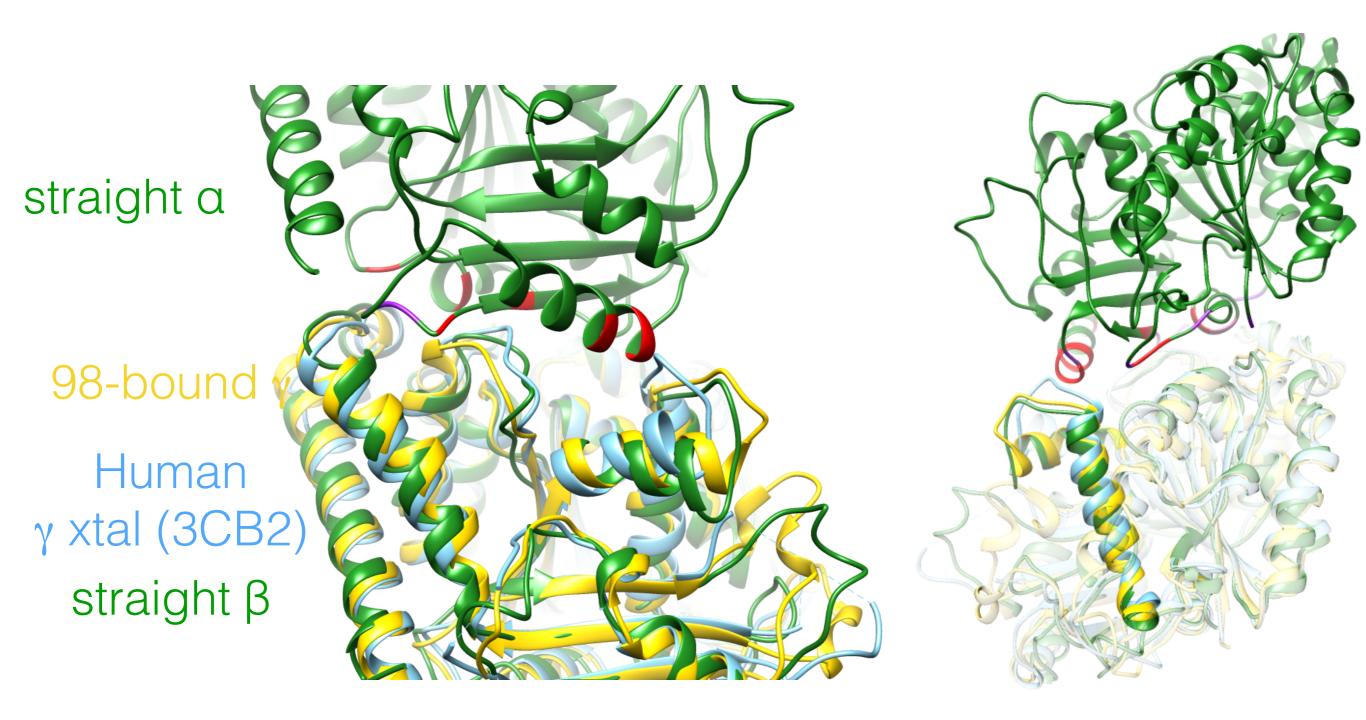
Monomer Closed Open

98-bound γ

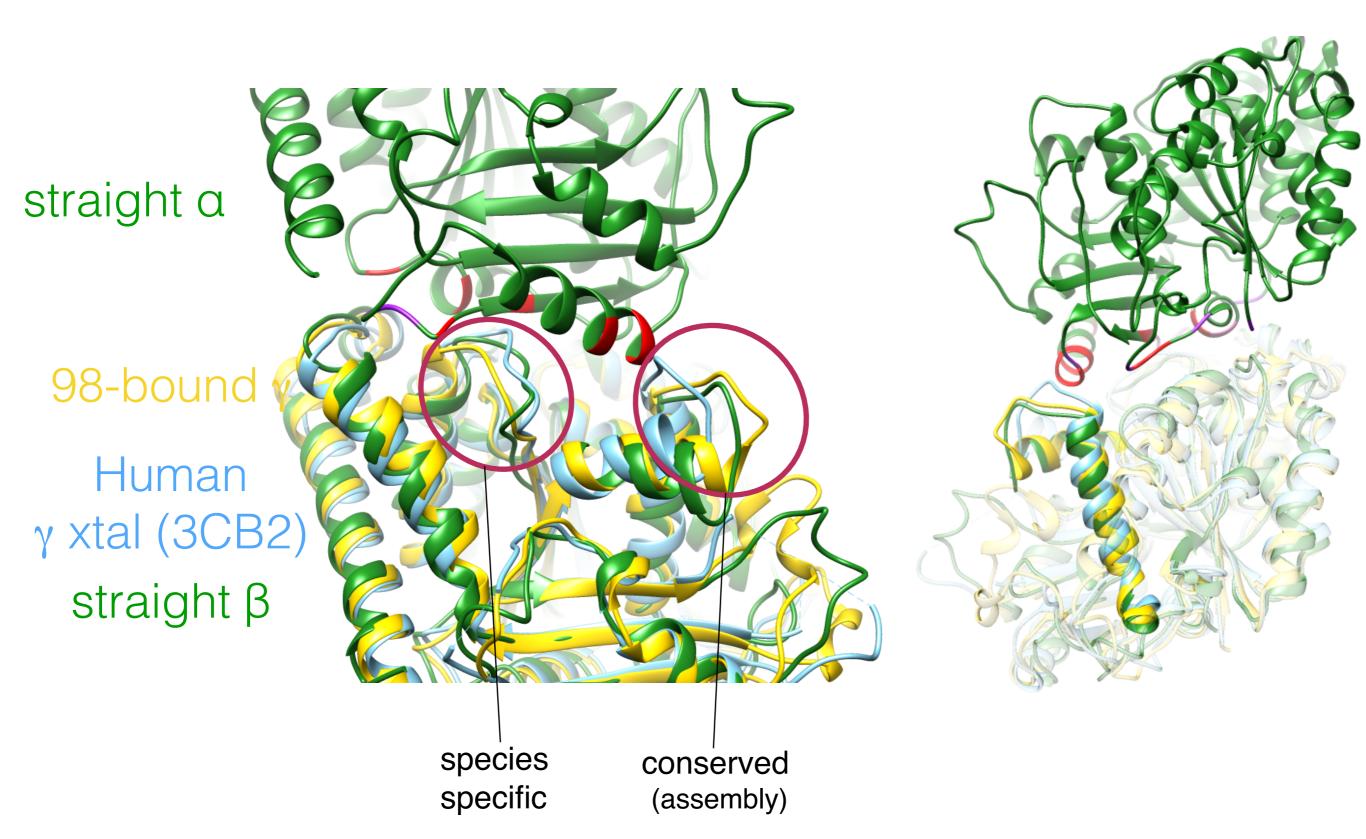
Human γ xtal (3CB2) straight β



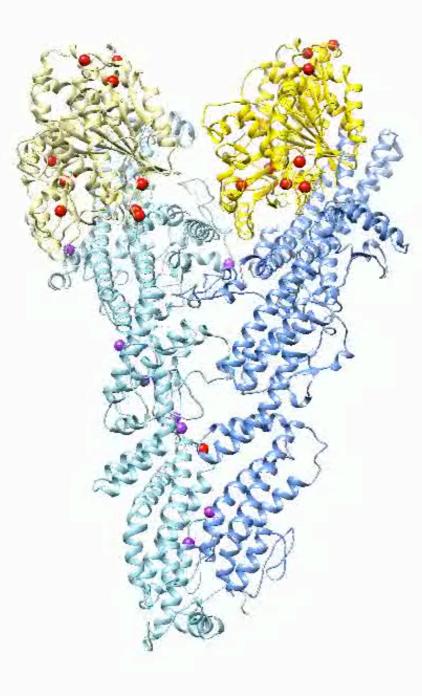




clashes w/human γ-tubulin clashes with human and yeast γ-tubulin



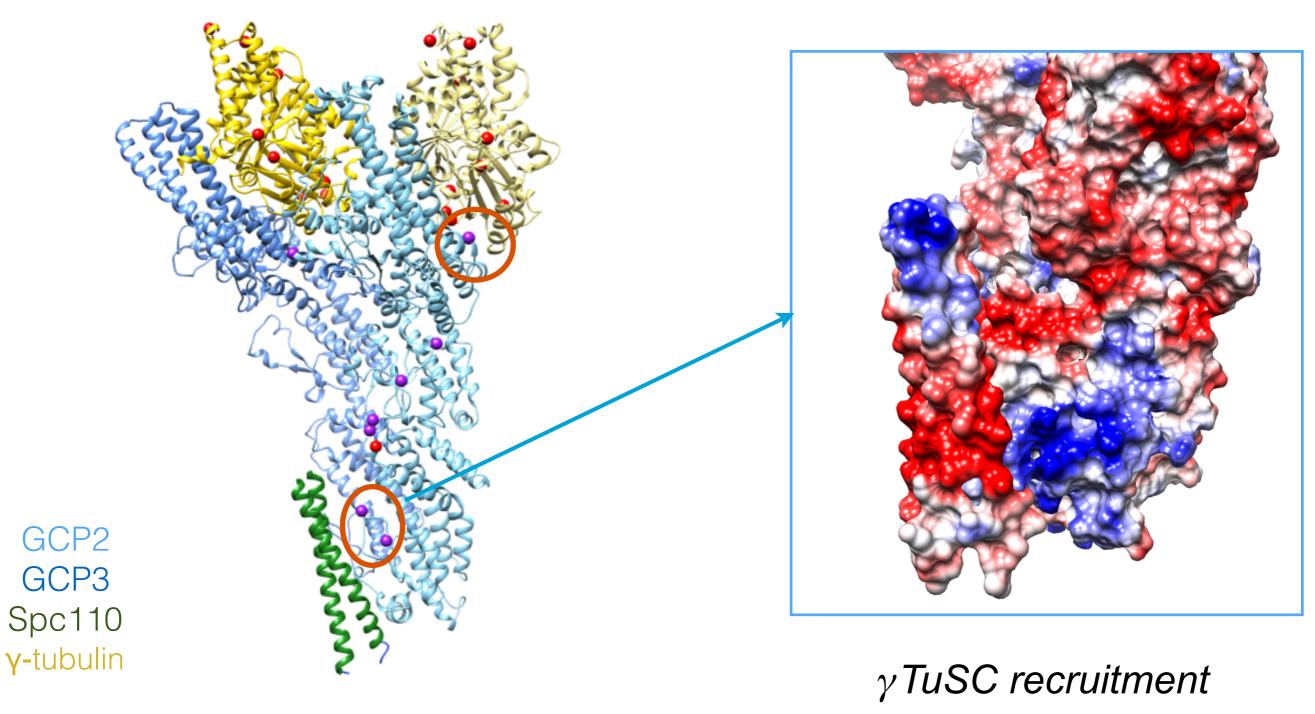
GCP2 phospho sites suggests functional roles



GCP2 GCP3 Spc110 γ-tubulin

new phos

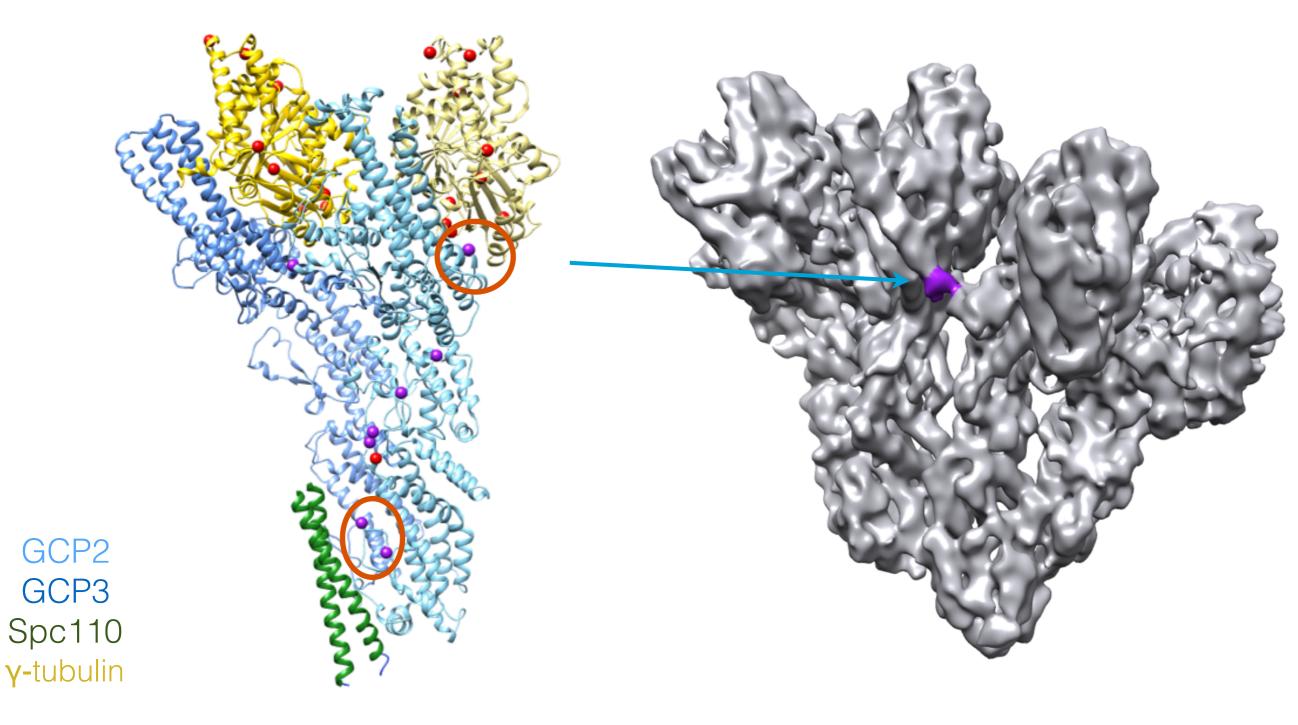
GCP2 phospho sites suggests functional roles



new phos

Spc110 binding

GCP2 phospho sites suggests functional roles

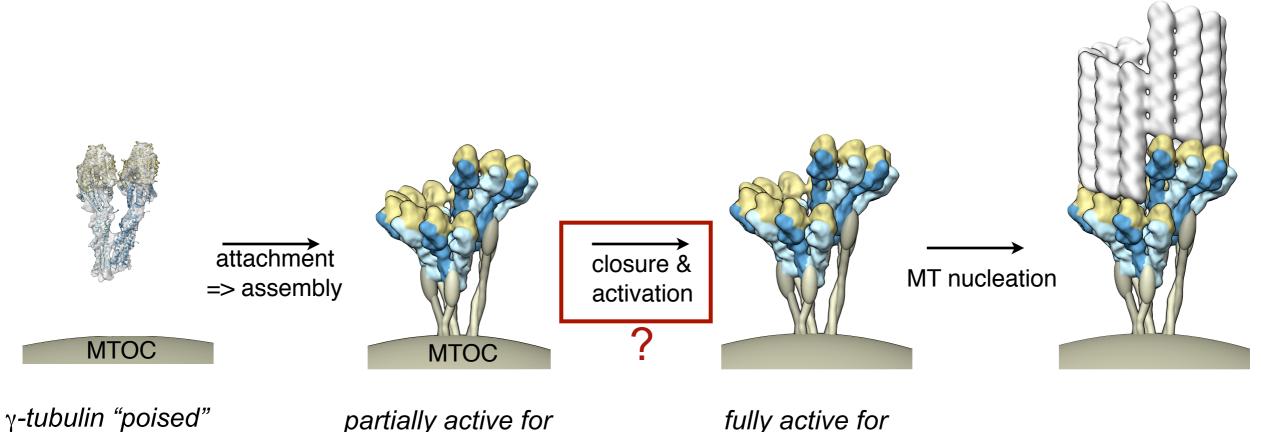


new phos

Spc110 binding

γTuSC assembly

Models for y-complex mediated attachment and nucleation



for α -tubulin binding

partially active for nucleation fully active for nucleation

<u>Acknowledgements</u>

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Agard lab Centrosome/MT team

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EM Core

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