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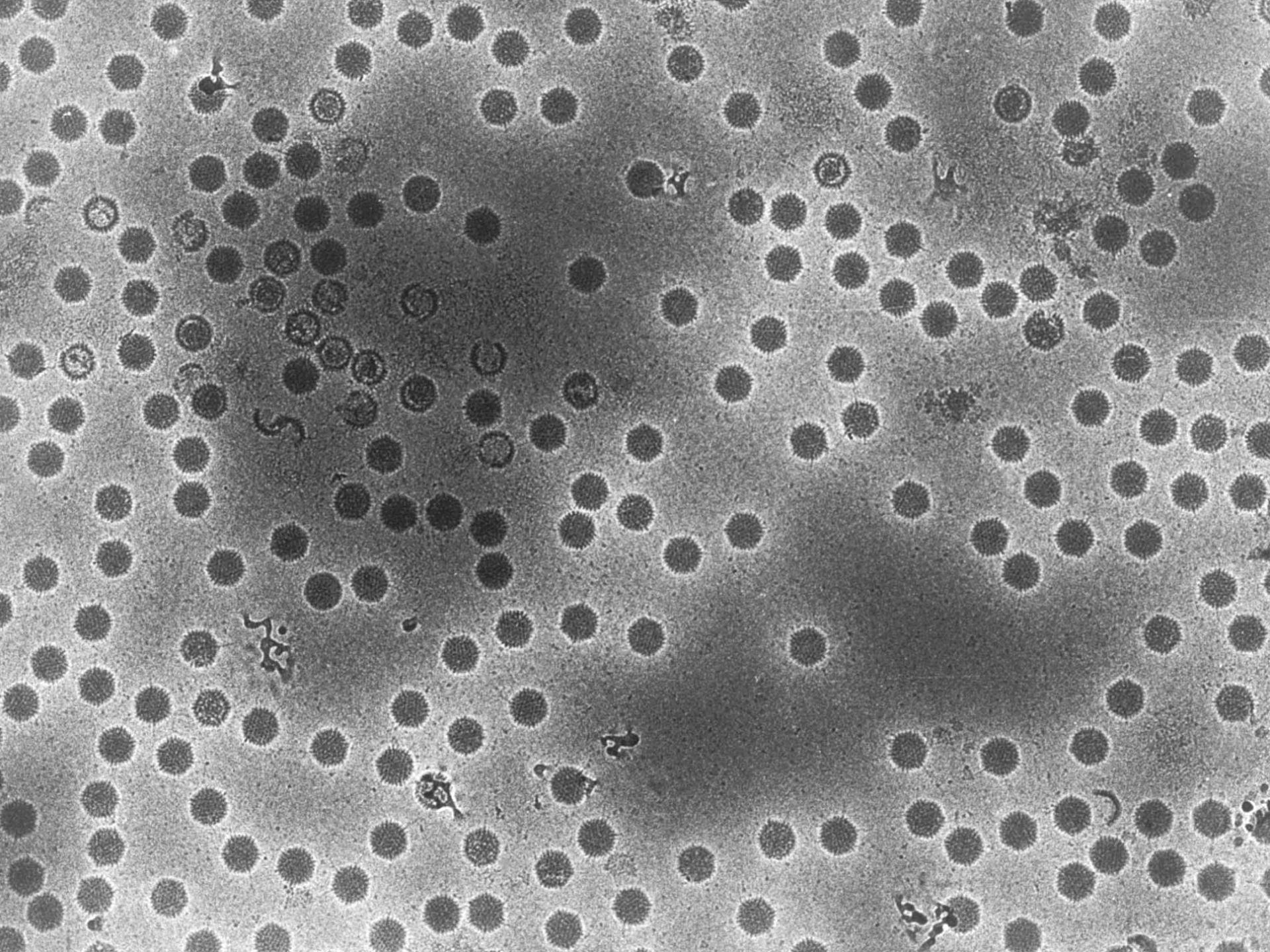
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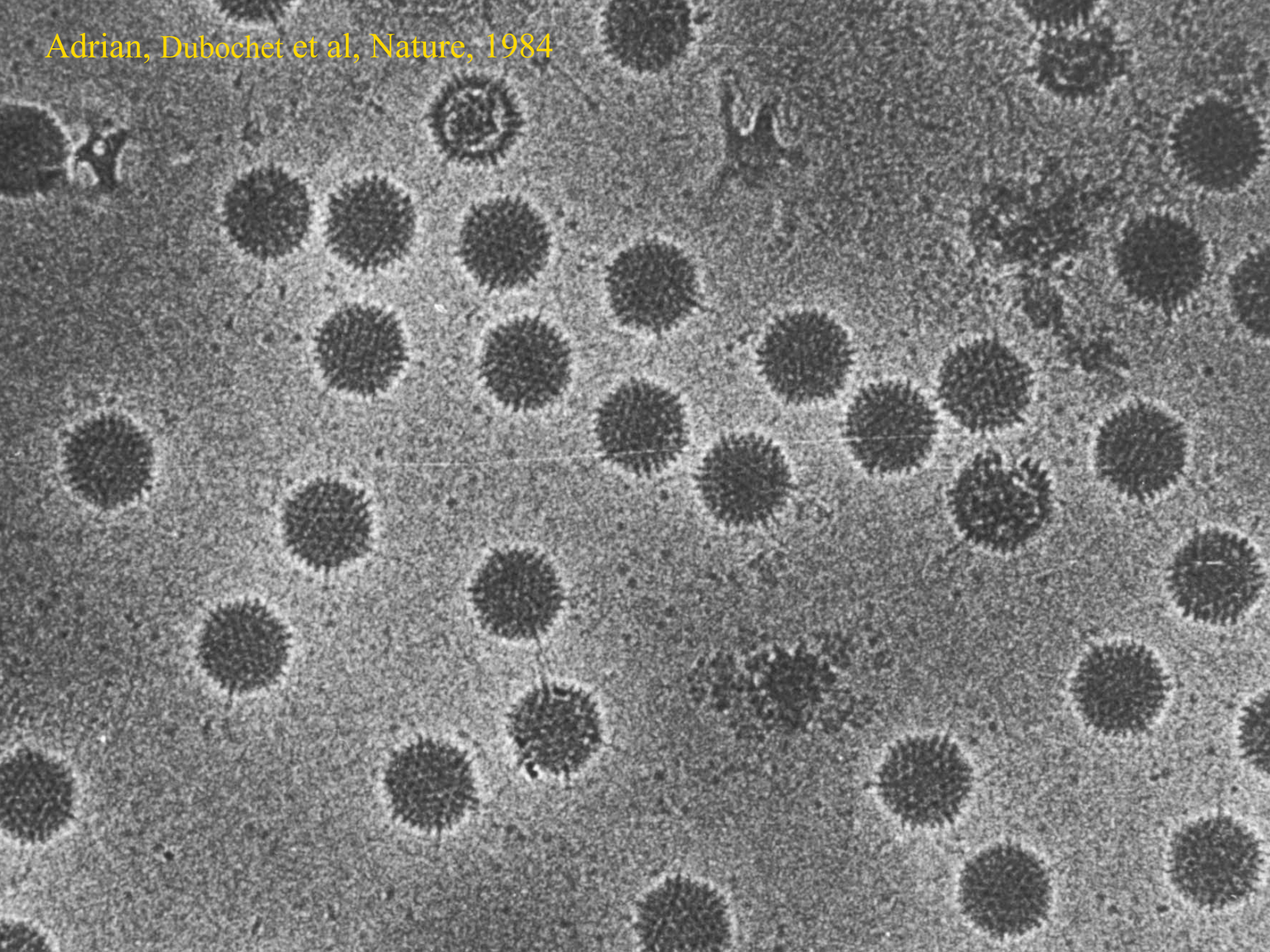
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Adrian, Dubochet et al, Nature, 1984





le

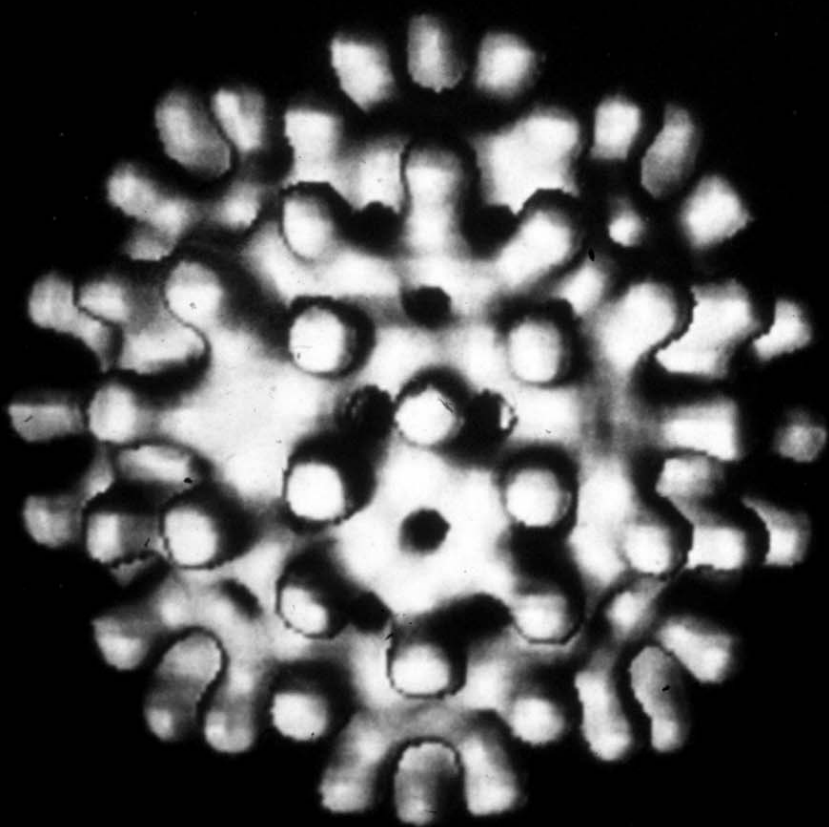
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se

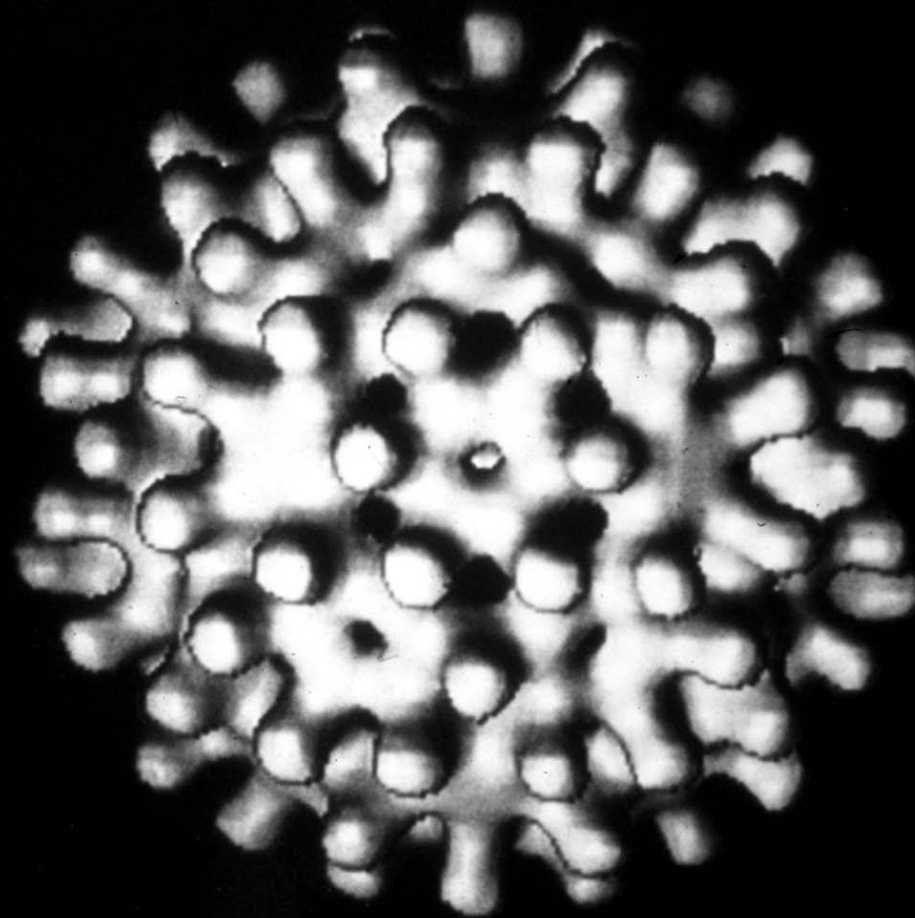
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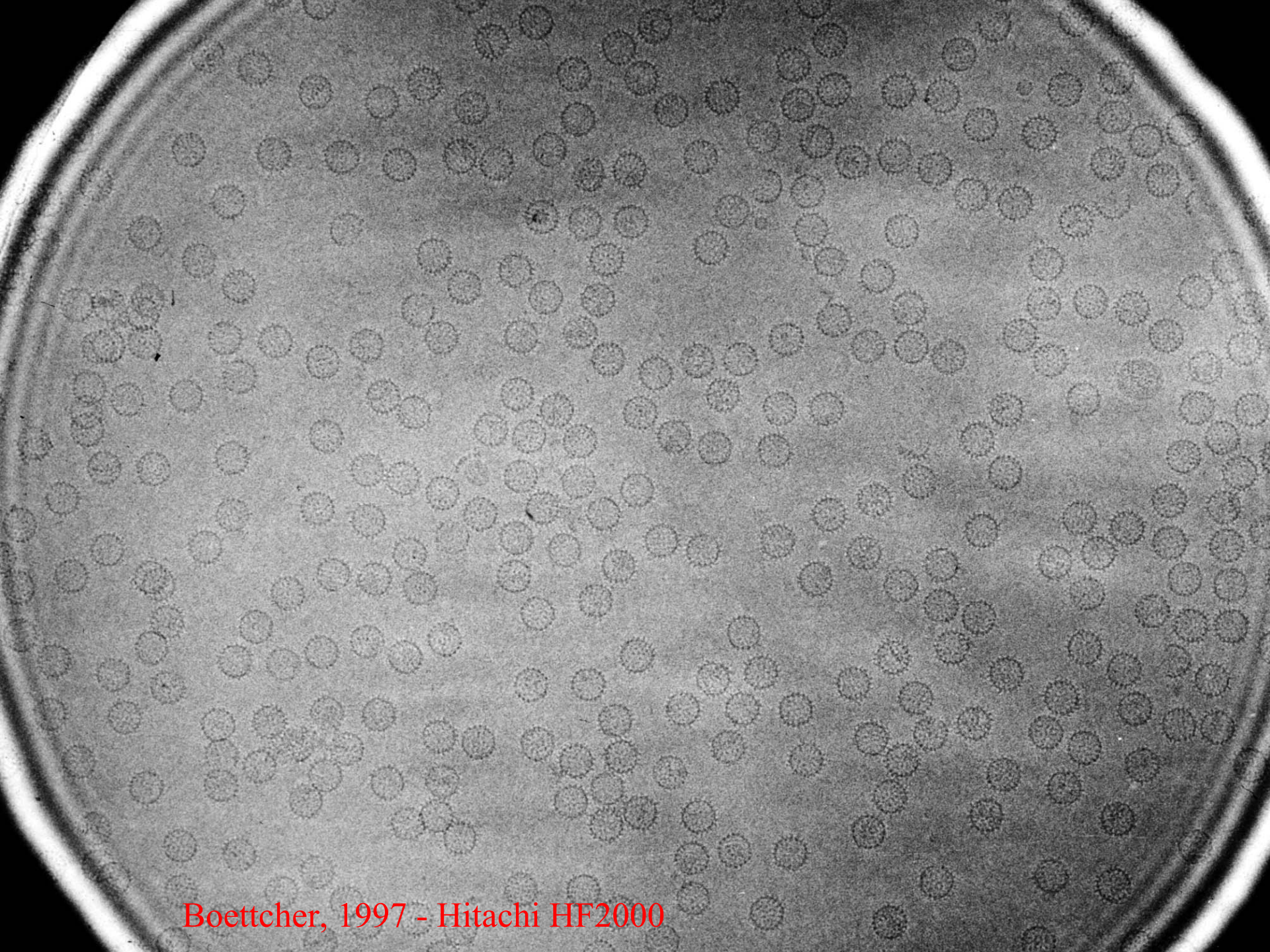
T=3



T=4

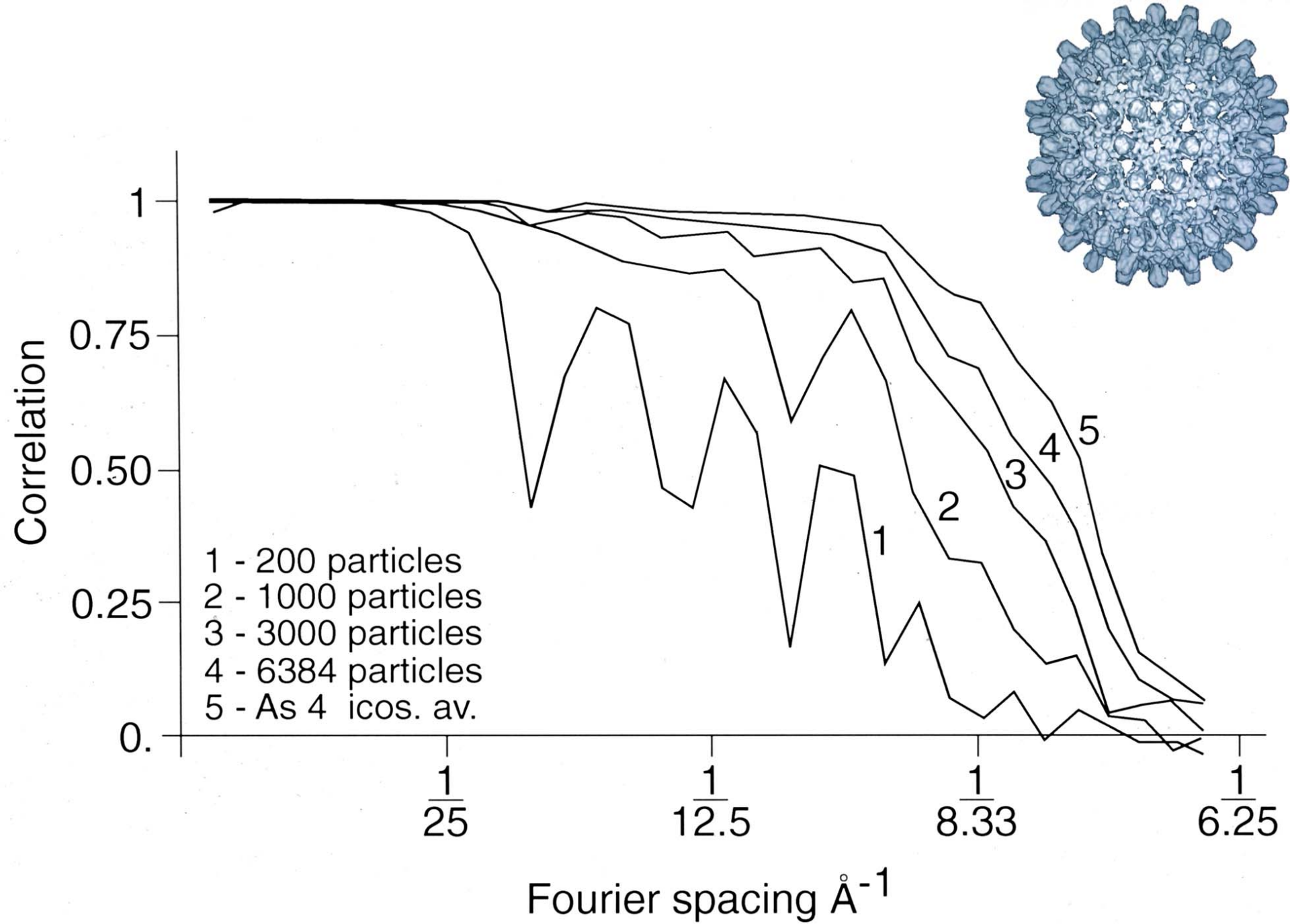


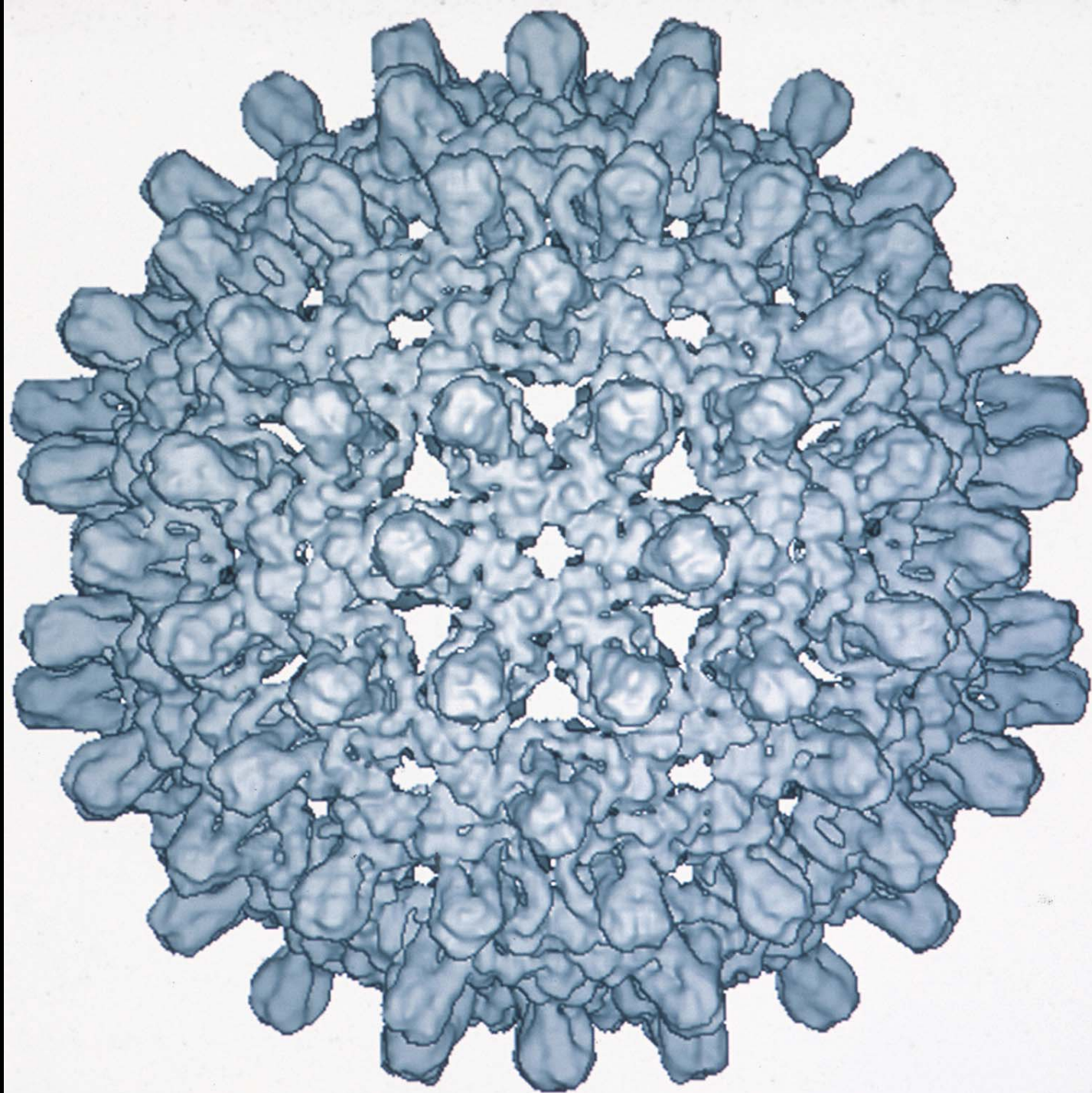




Boettcher, 1997 - Hitachi HF2000

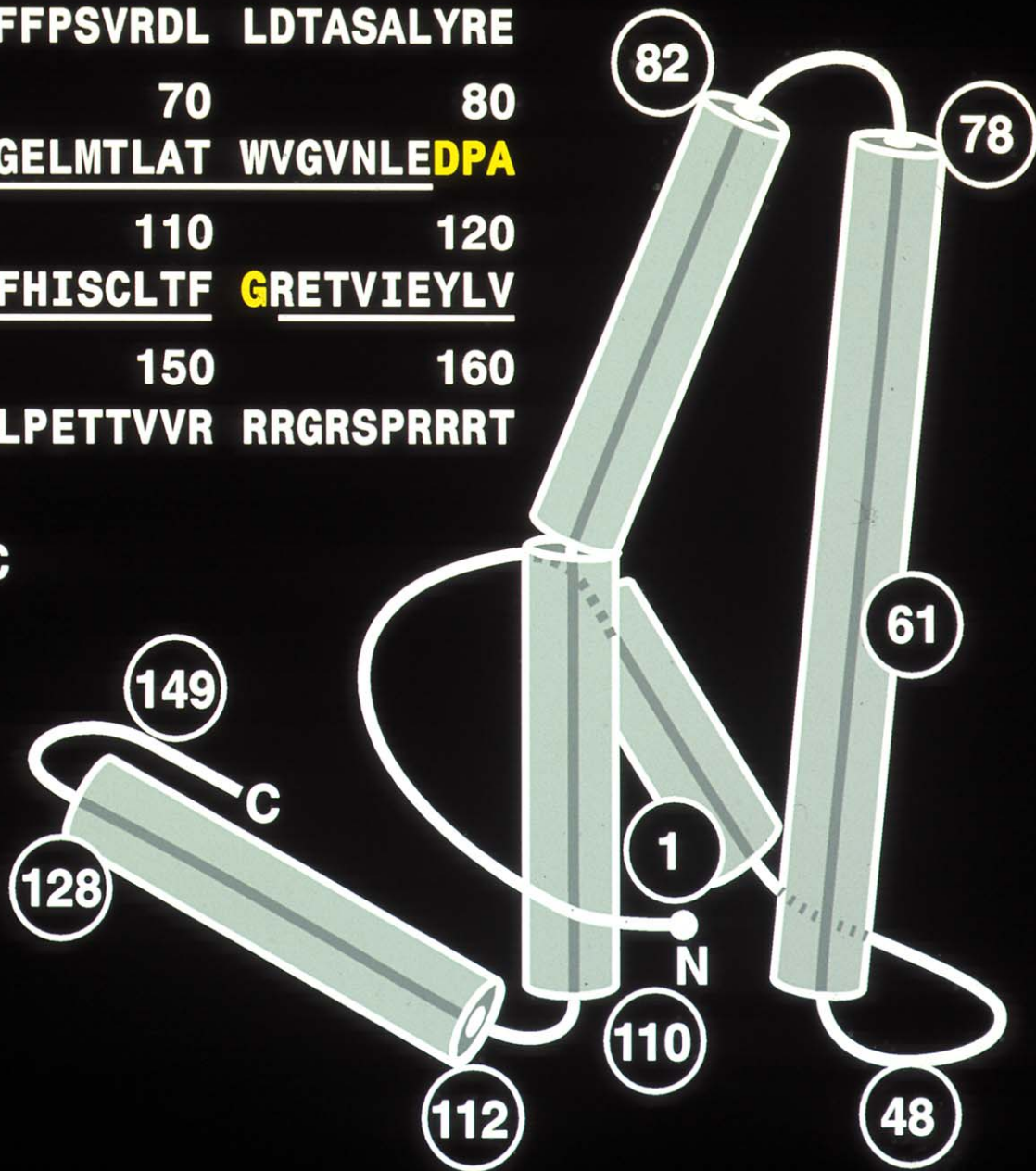






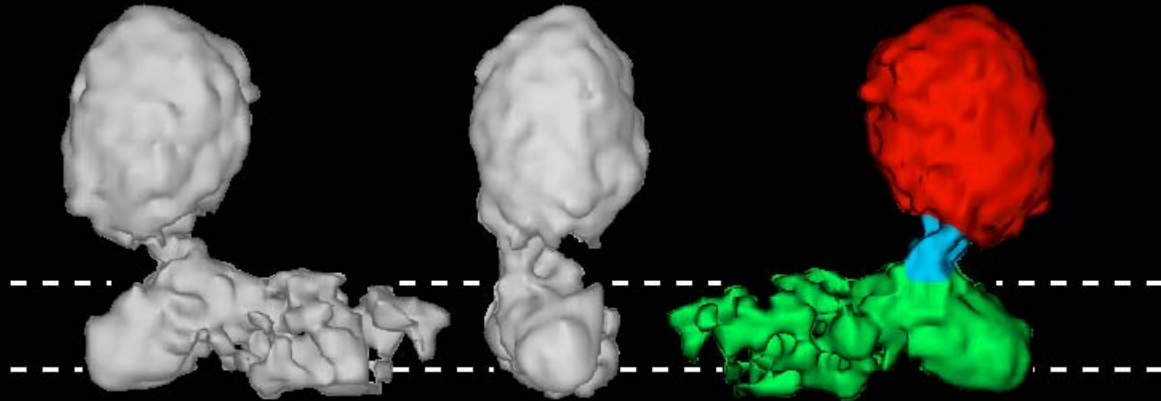


10	20	30	40
MDIDPYKEFG	ATVELLSFLP	SFFFPSVRDL	LDTASALYRE
50	60	70	80
ALESPEHCSP	<u>HHTALRQAIL</u>	<u>CWGELMTLAT</u>	<u>WVGVNLEDPA</u>
90	100	110	120
<u>SRDLVVS</u> YVN	TNM <u>GLK</u> FRQL	<u>LWFHISCLTF</u>	<u>GRET</u> VIEYLV
130	140	150	160
<u>SFGVWIRTP</u> PP	AYRPPNAPIL	STLPETTVVR	RRGRSPRRRT
170	180		
PSPRRRRSQS	PRRRRSQSRE	SQC	



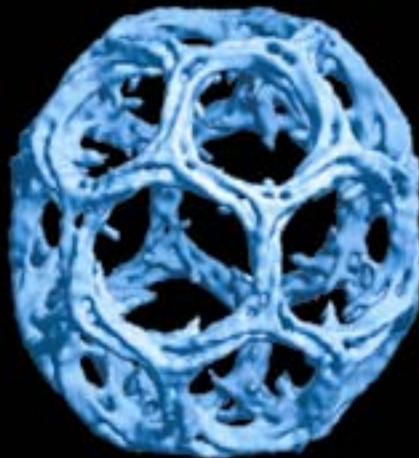
# Bovine Complex I at 22 Å (symmetry C1)

Grigorieff (1998) J.Mol.Biol. 277, 1033-1046



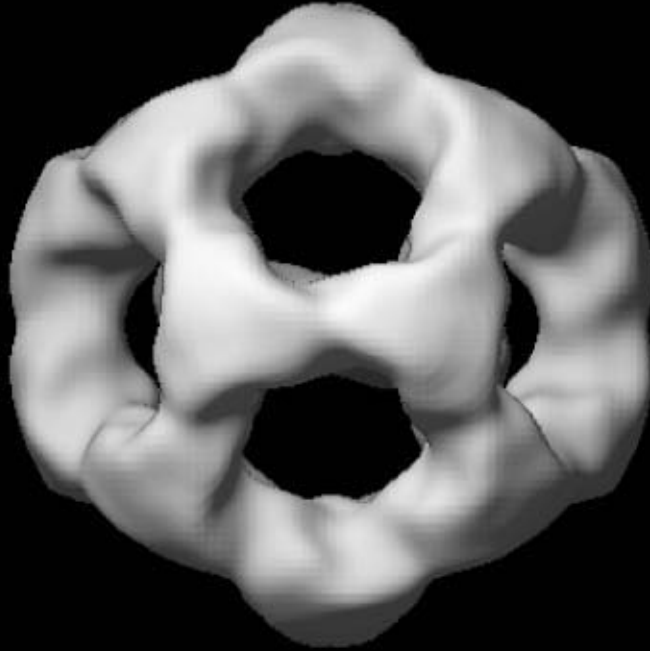
# Clathrin at 22 Å (symmetry D6)

Smith, Grigorieff, Pearse (1998) EMBO J. 17, 4943-5953

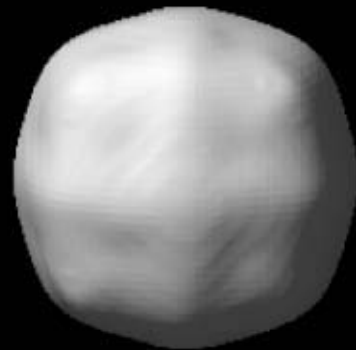




PDH



H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase



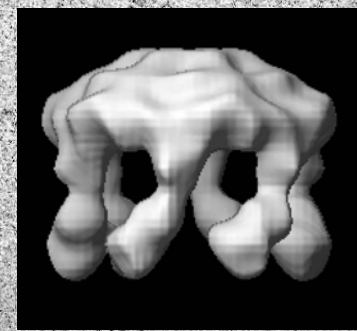
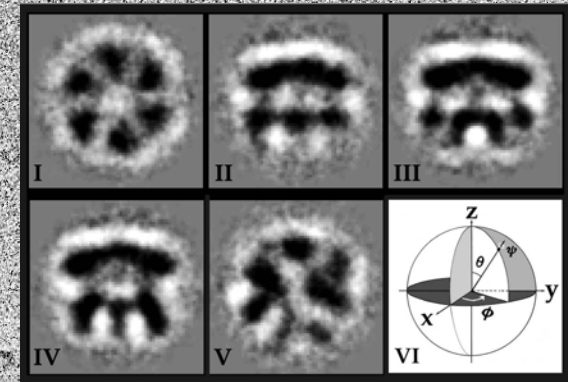
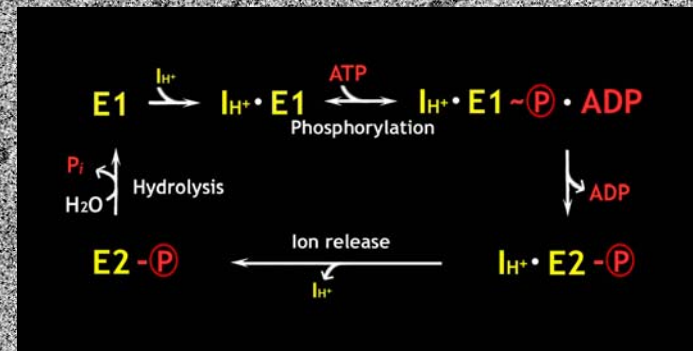
apoferritin



$\beta$ -galactosidase

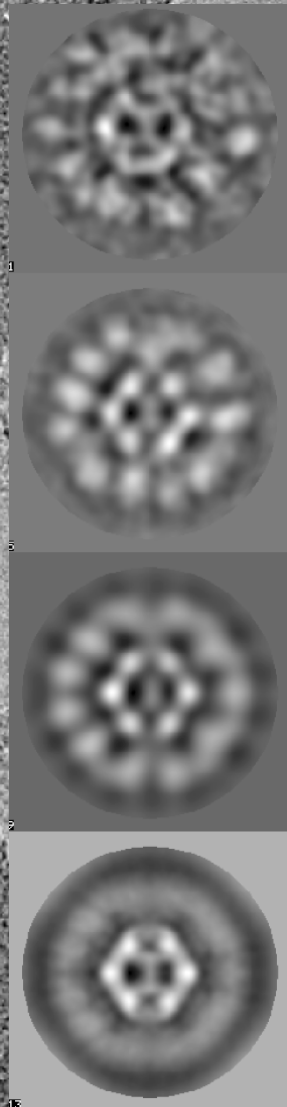


Rhee, Scarborough & Henderson, EMBO J., 2002

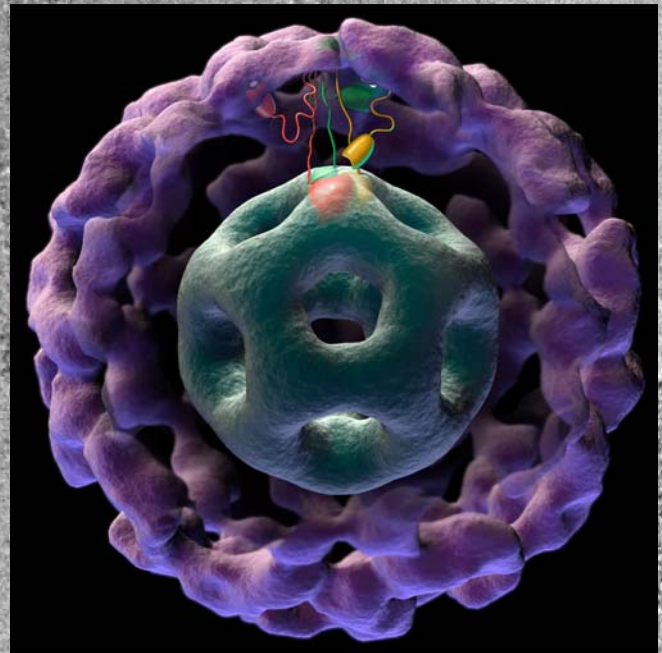




Milne et al EMBO J. 21: 5587-559 (2002)



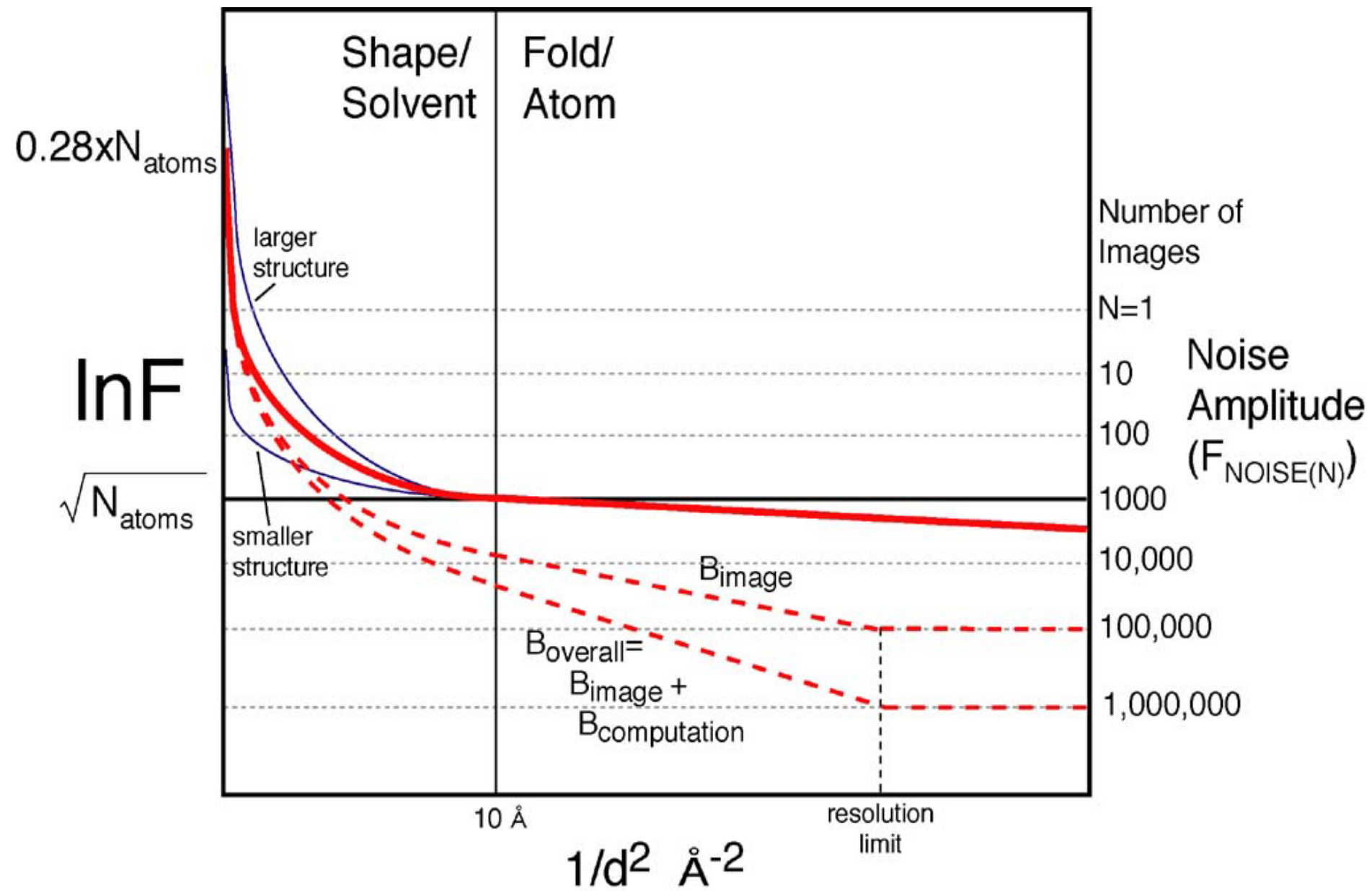
QuickTime™ and a  
Schafer Imaging®  
are needed to see this picture.

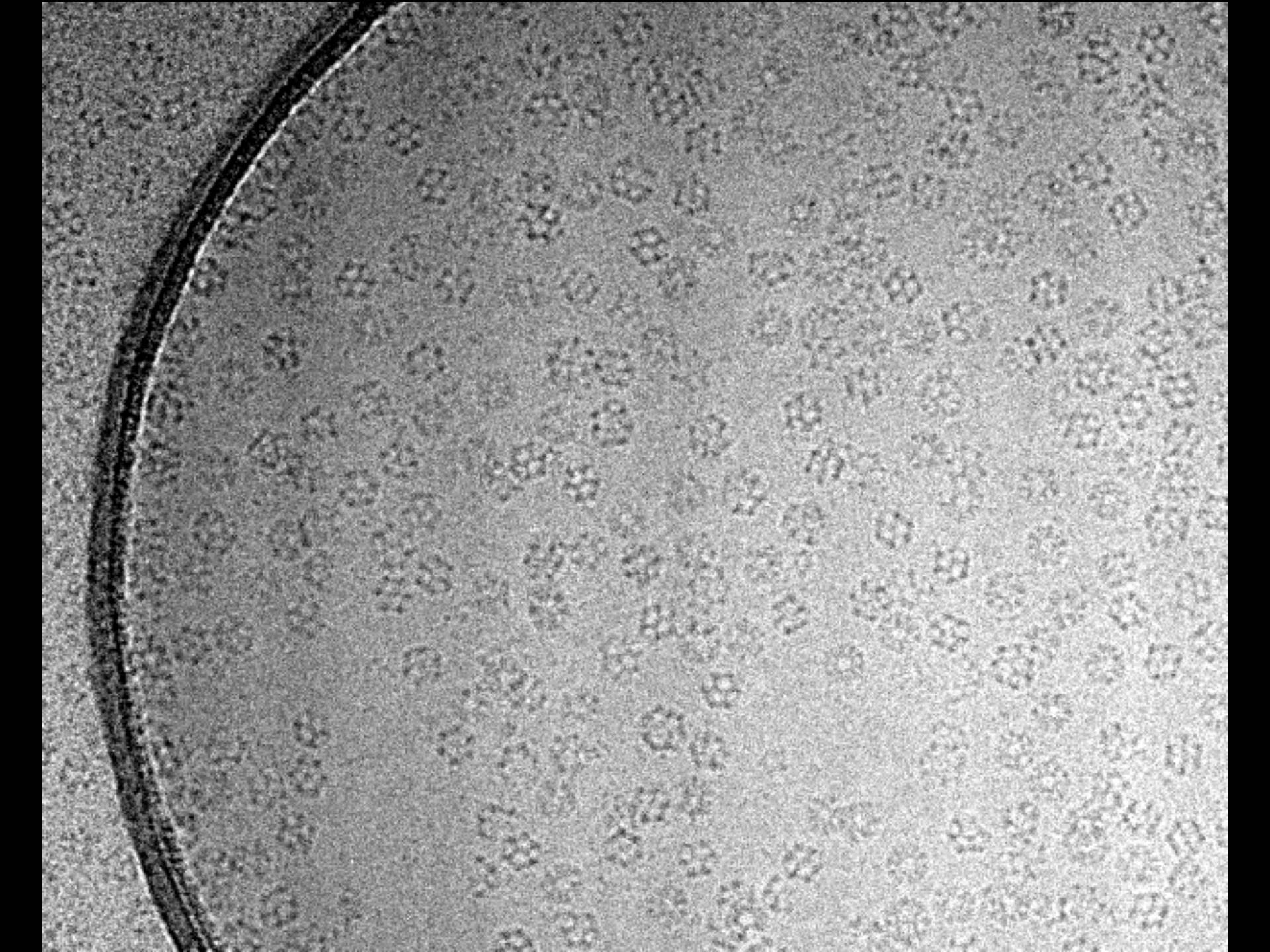


## **Single particle approaches** (Peter Rosenthal)

- Use of tilted pairs (absolute hand, parameter optimisation)
- Sharpening and signal-to-noise weighting

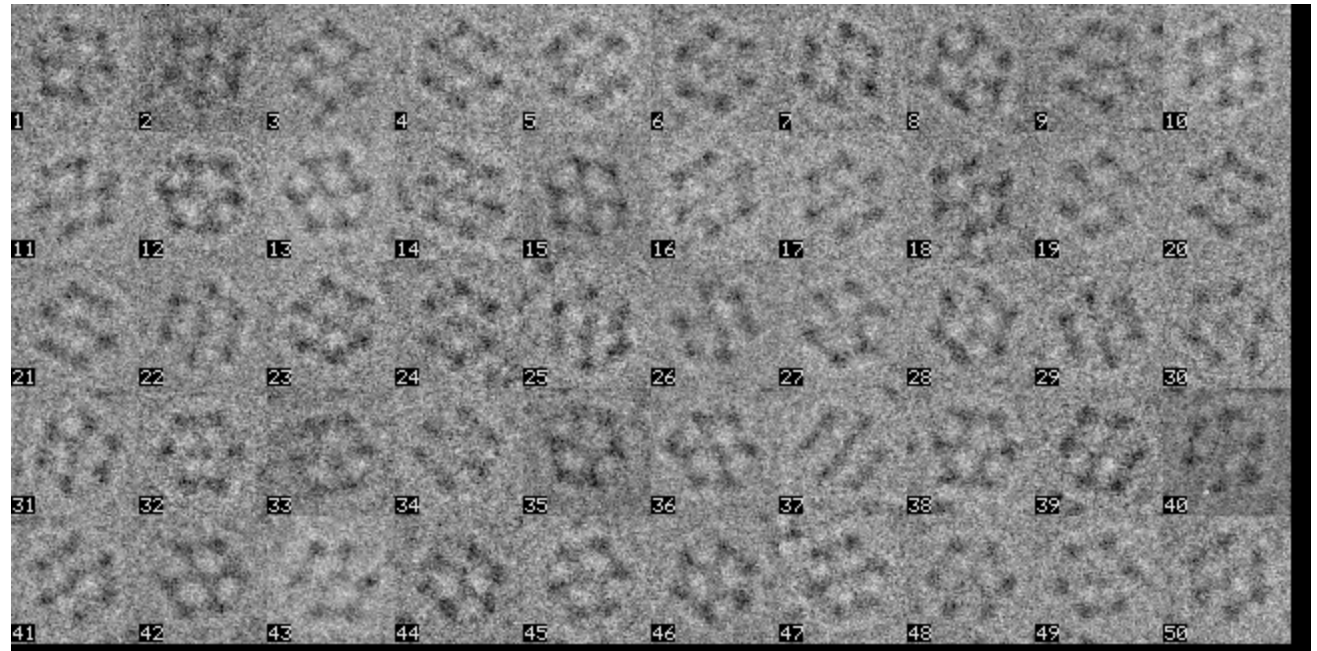




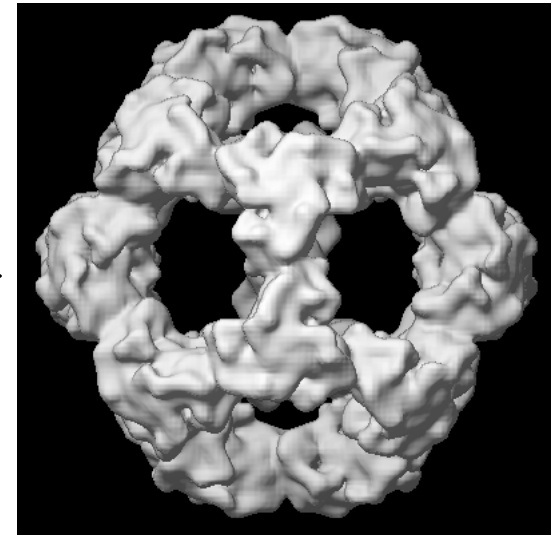
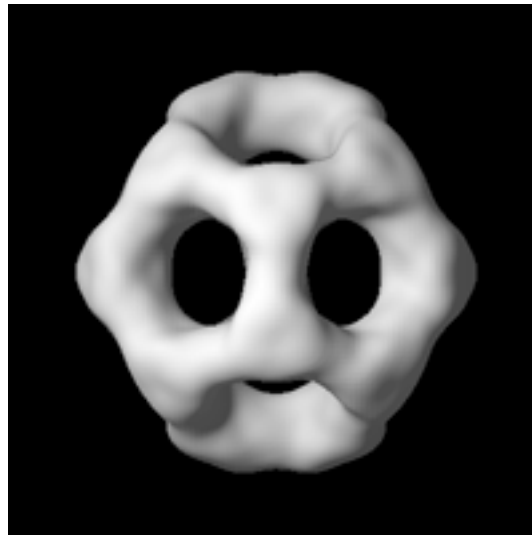


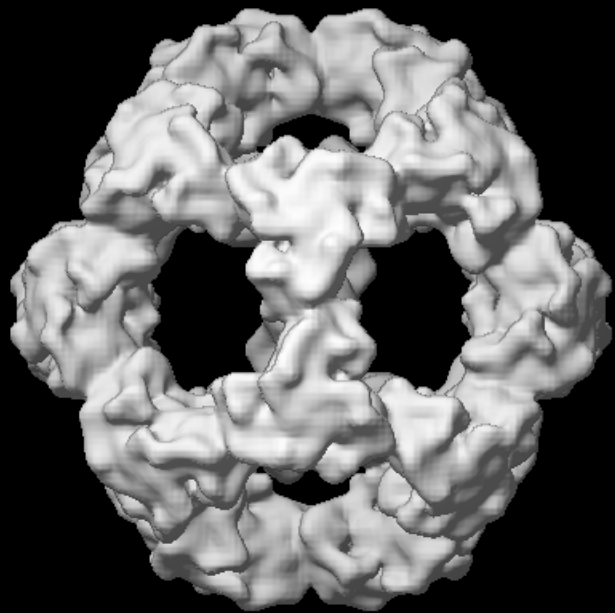
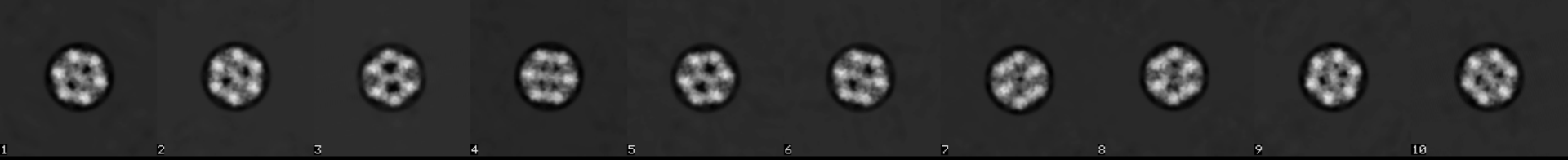
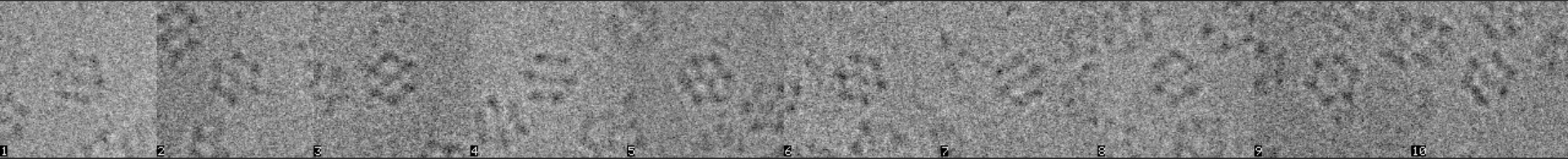
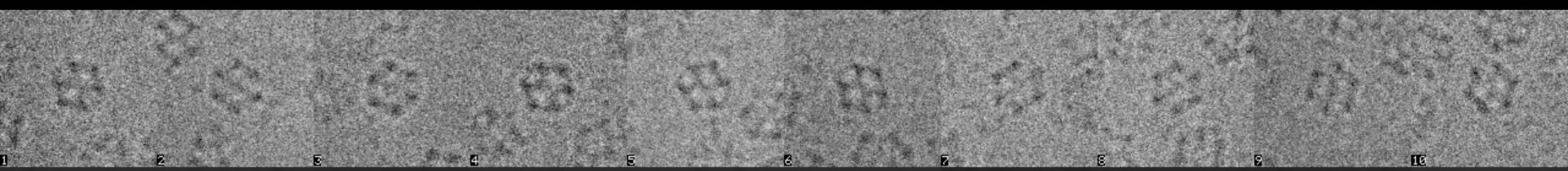


# PARTICLE IMAGES

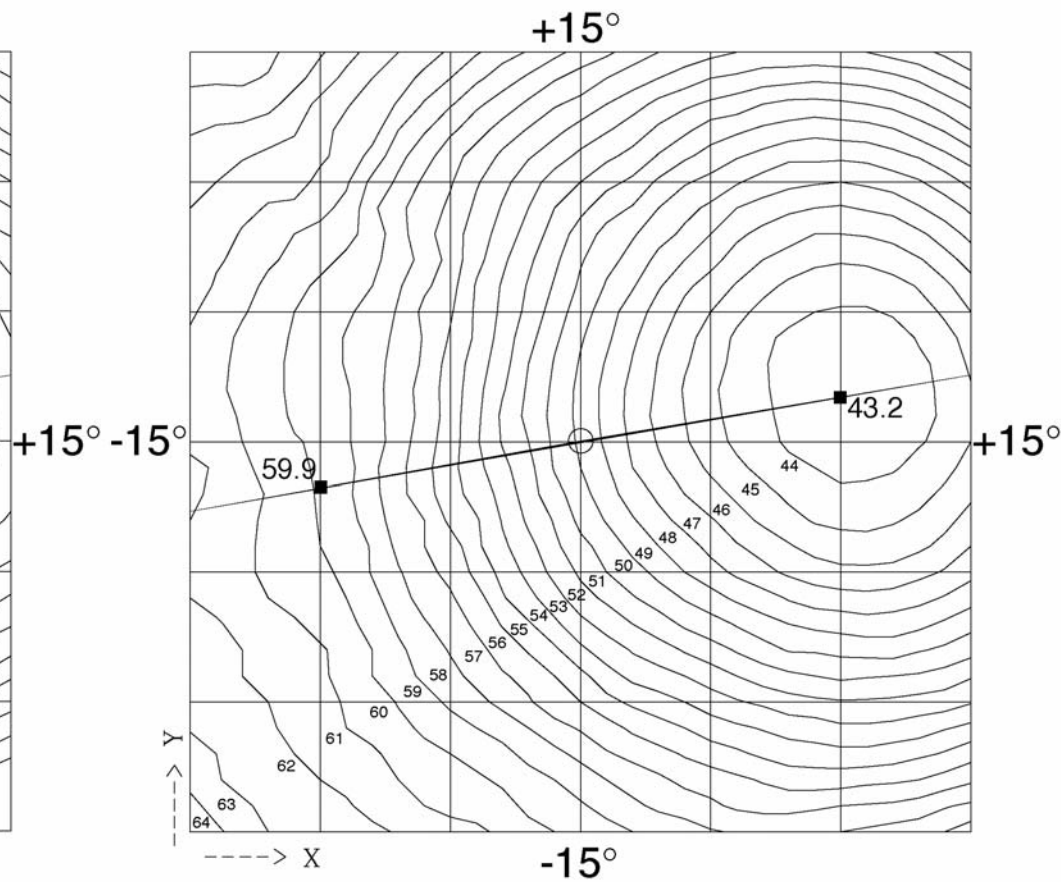
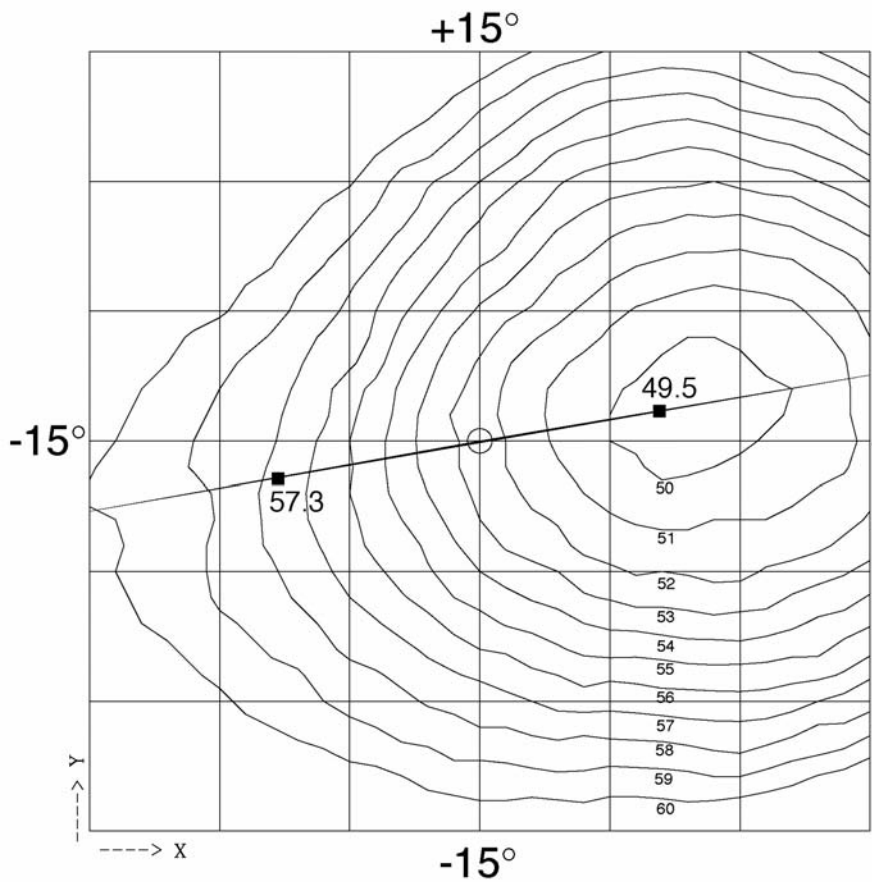


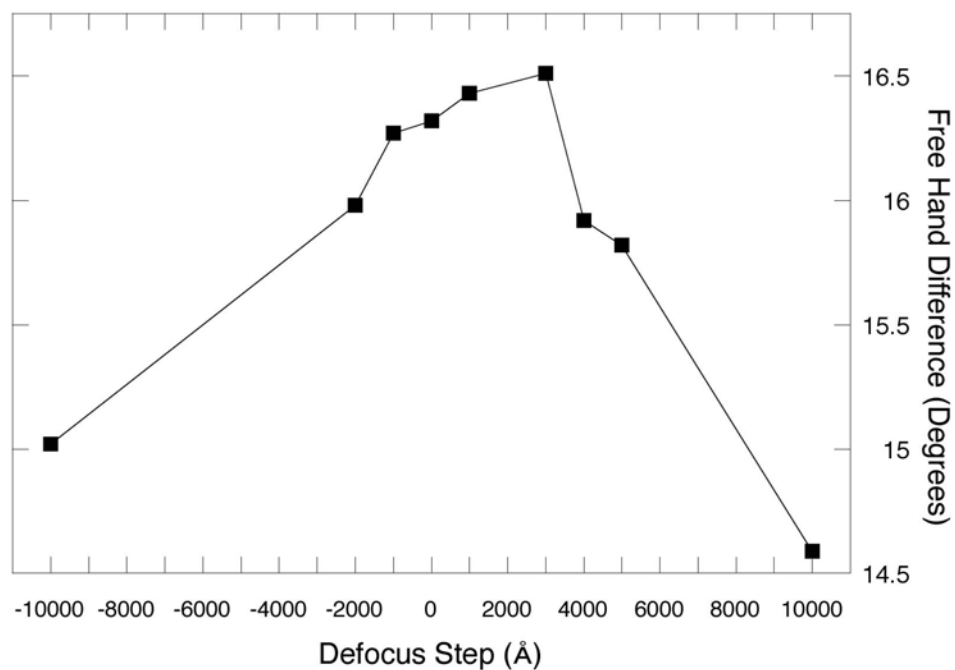
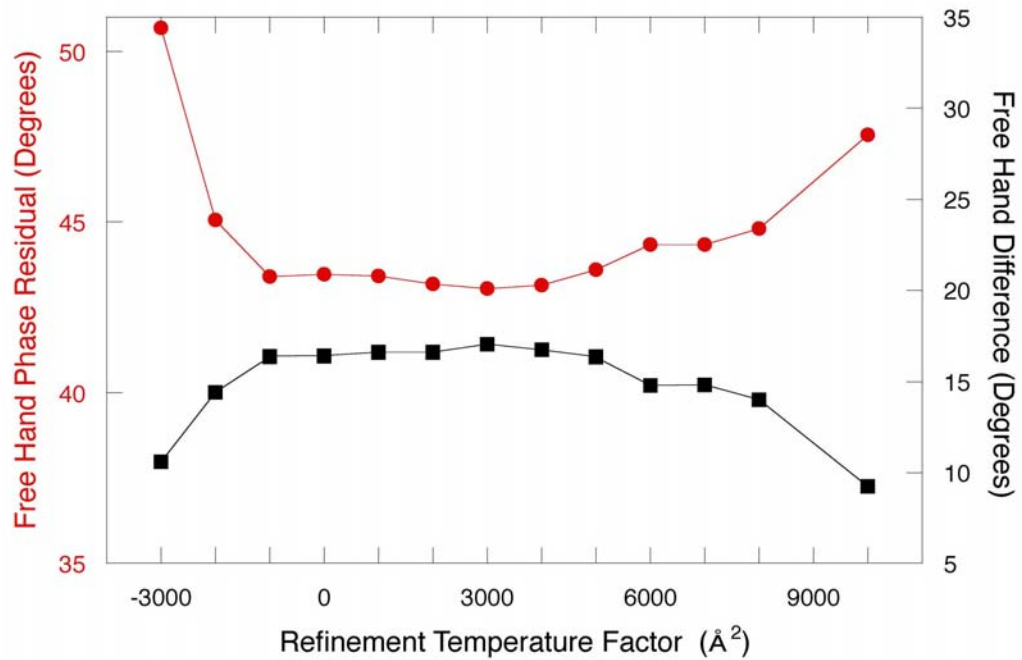
# STARTING MODEL





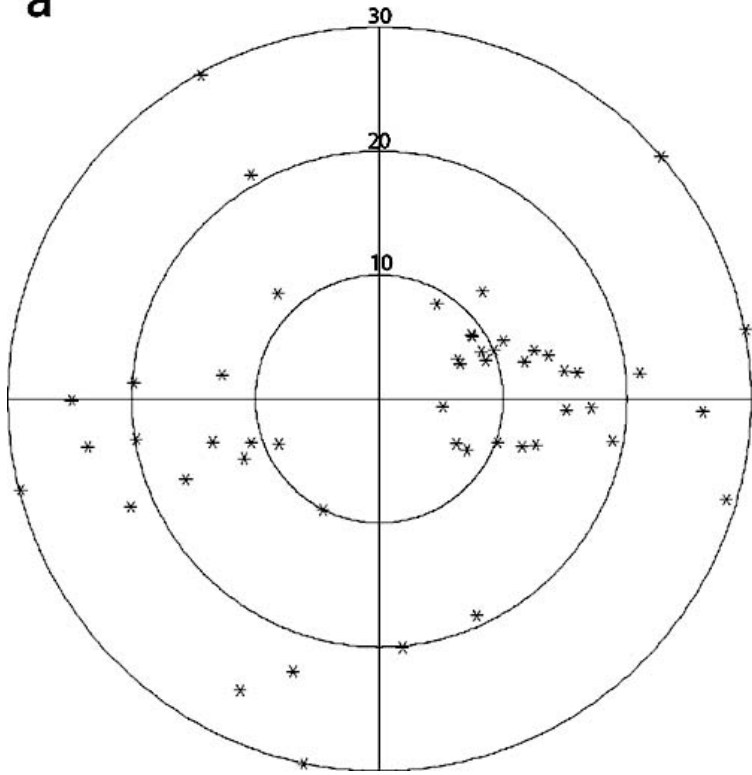




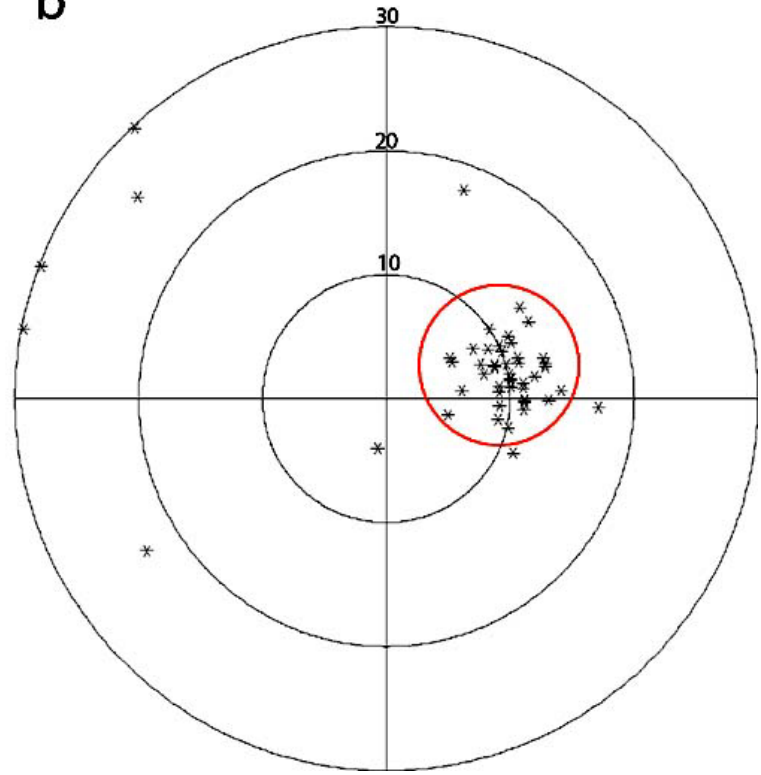




**a**



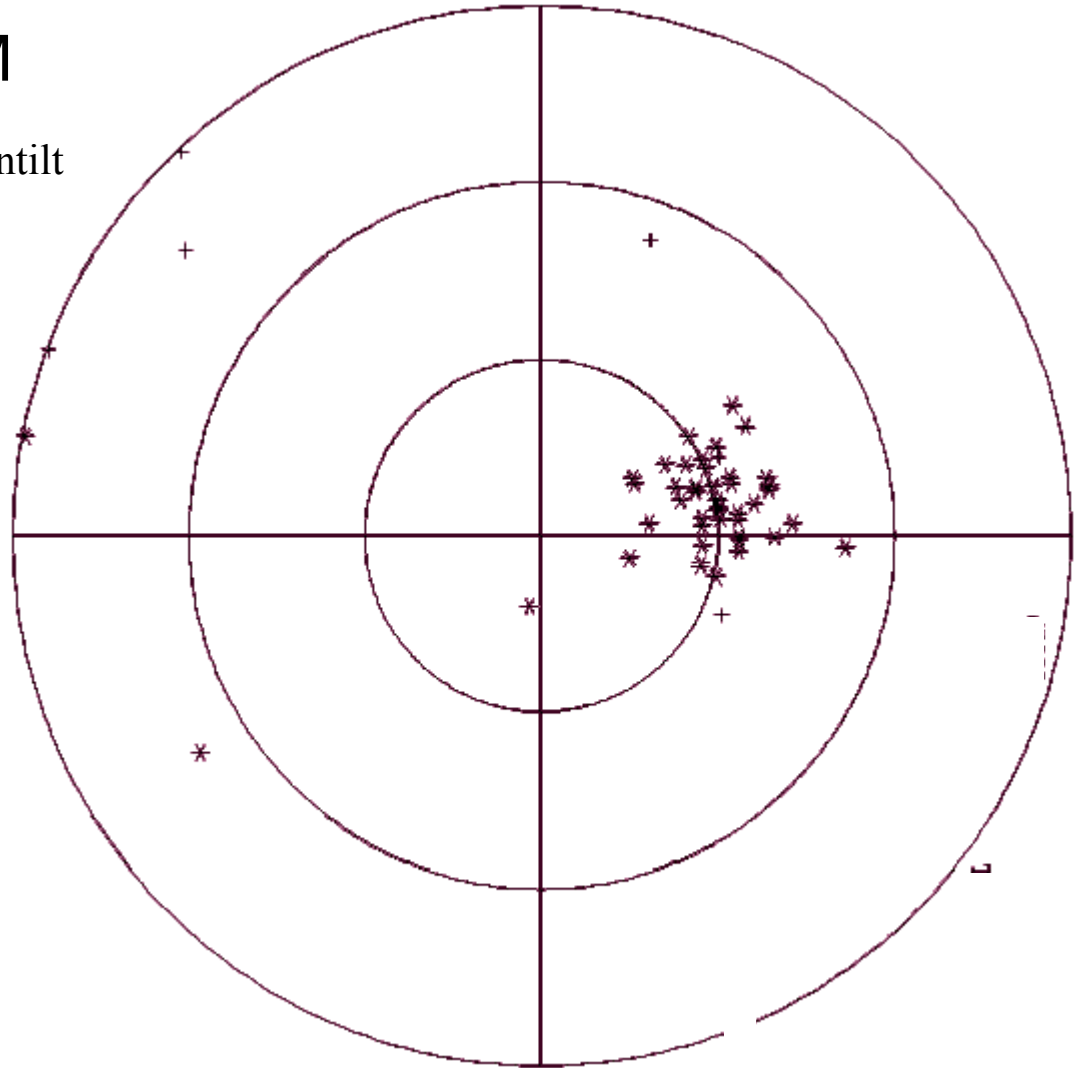
**b**



# TILT AXIS FOR EACH PARTICLE PAIR AFTER OPTIMIZATION

CALCULATED FROM

$(\psi, \theta, \phi)_{\text{tilt}}$ , and  $(\psi, \theta, \phi)_{\text{untilt}}$





## For two independent half sets of data

Cross-correlation = Ctest

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\text{test}} &= \Sigma(S + N_1)(S + N_2) / \Sigma(S^2 + 2SN + N^2) \\ &= S^2 / (S^2 + N^2) \end{aligned}$$

where S = signal and N = N1 = N2 = noise in half dataset

## Comparing the full set of data to a perfect reference set

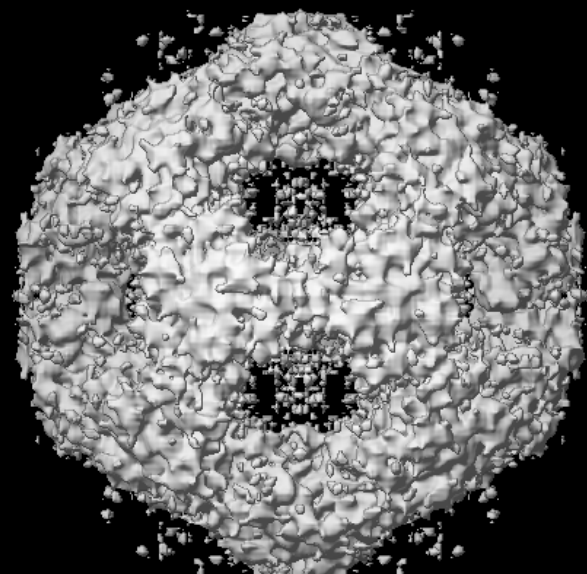
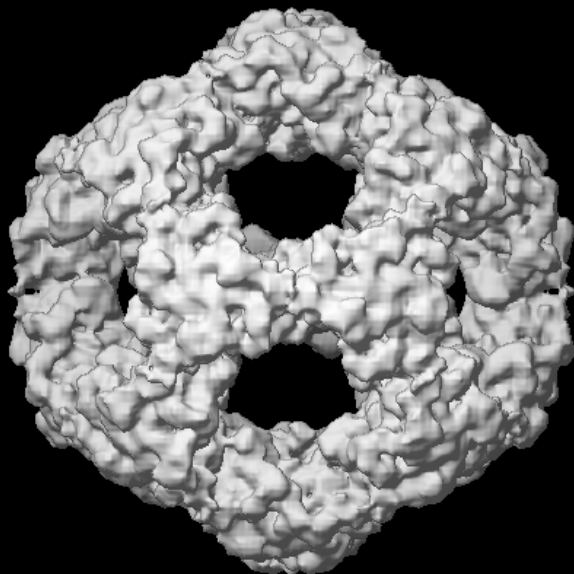
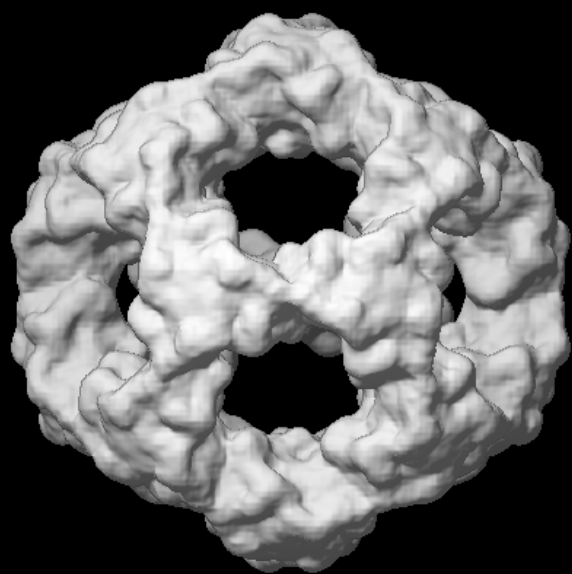
Cross-correlation = Cref

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\text{ref}} &= S^2 / (\sqrt{S^2} \cdot \sqrt{(S^2 + N^2/2)}) \\ &= \sqrt{(S^2 / (S^2 + N^2/2))} = (2 \cdot C_{\text{test}} / (1 + C_{\text{test}}))^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

## Therefore

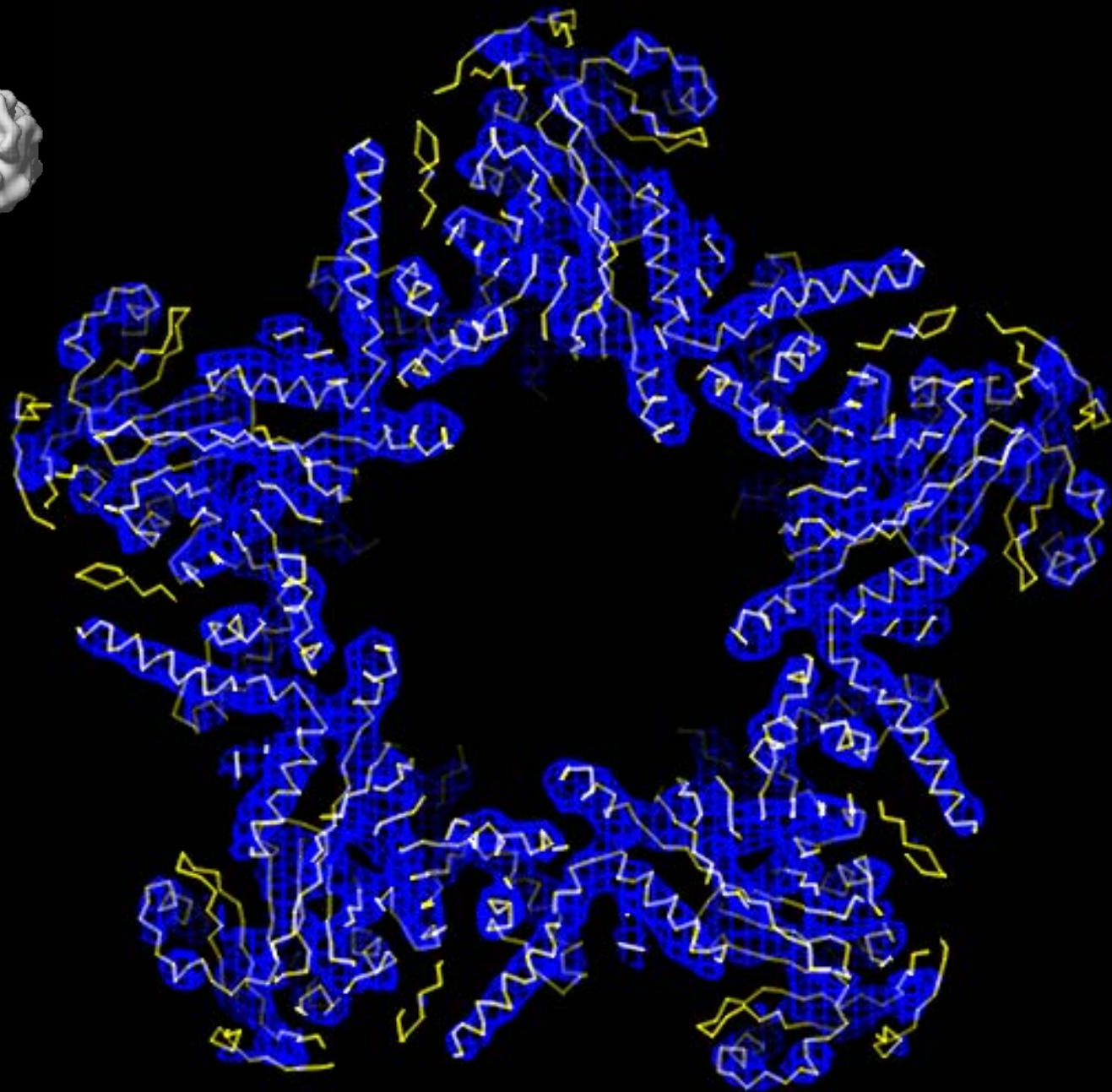
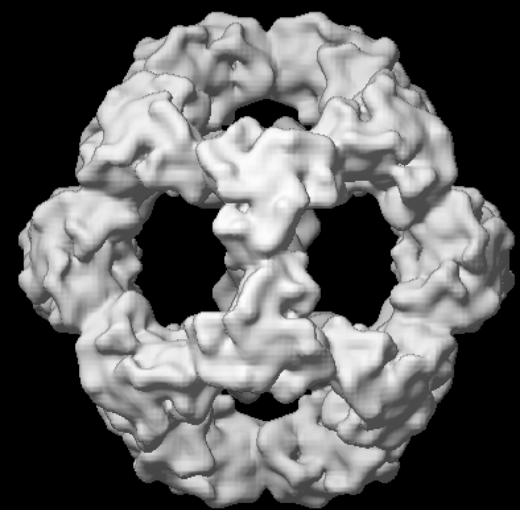
When  $S^2 = N^2$  Ctest = 0.500 and Cref = 0.816 = fom

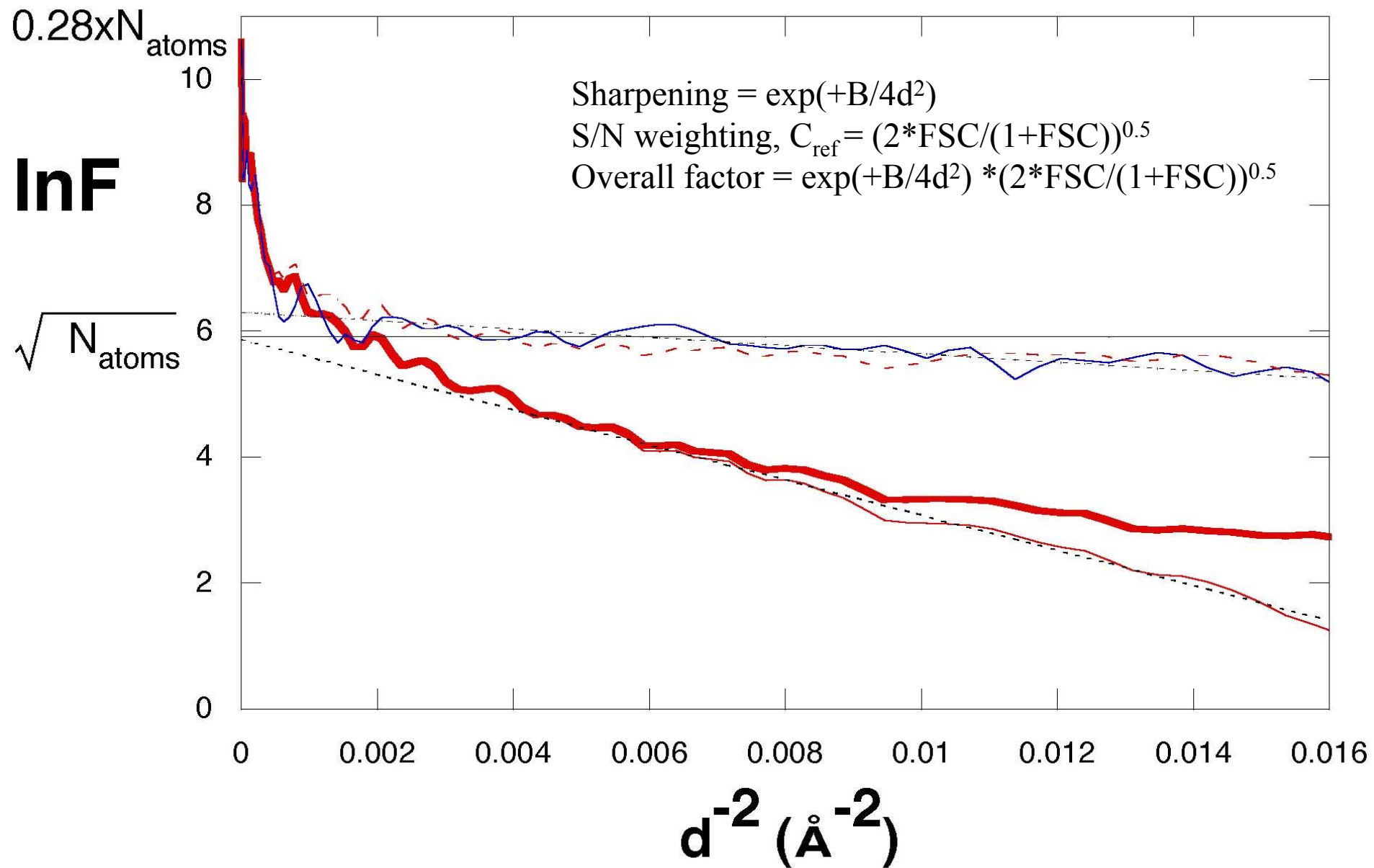
When  $6S^2 = N^2$  Ctest = 0.143 and Cref = 0.500 = fom



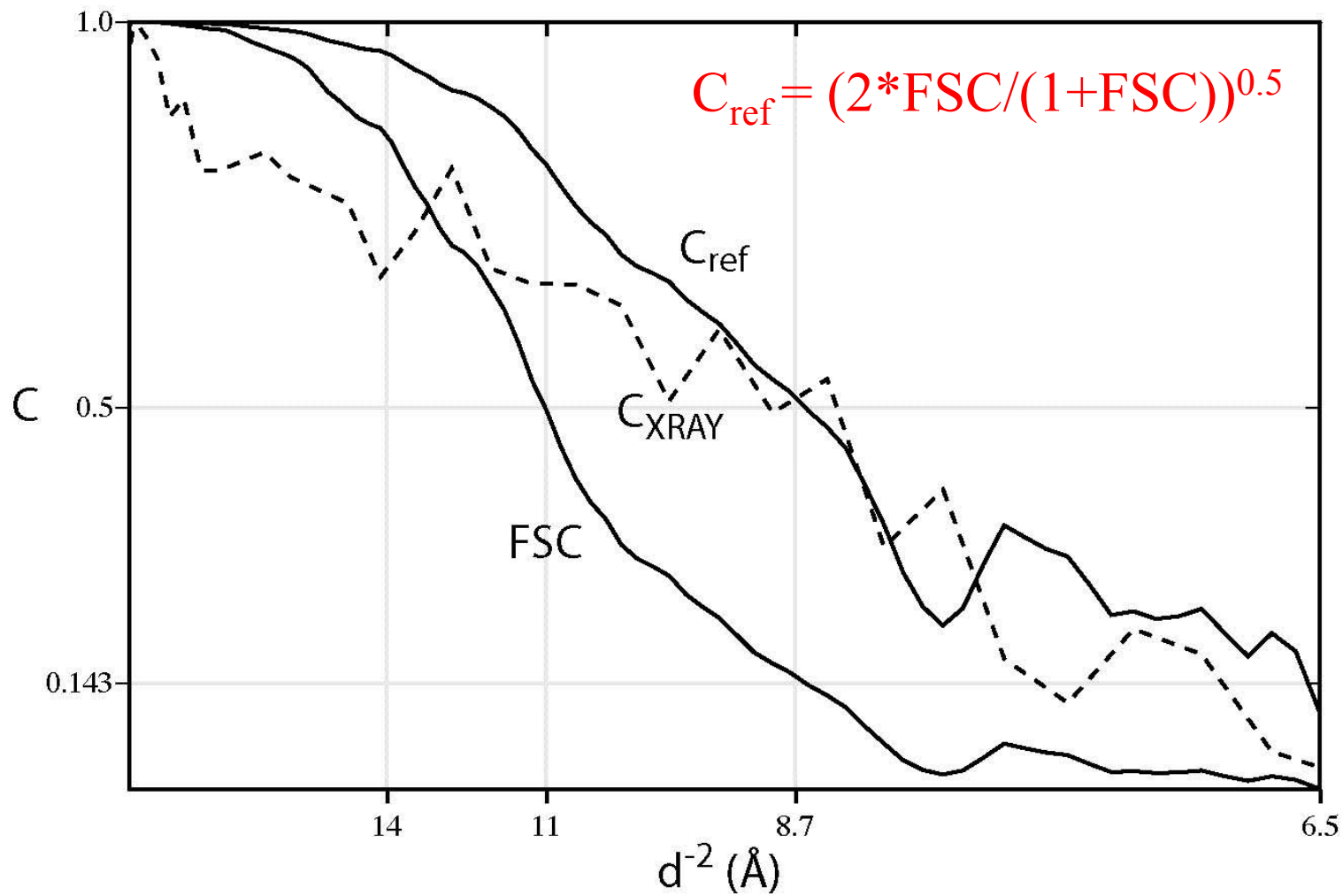
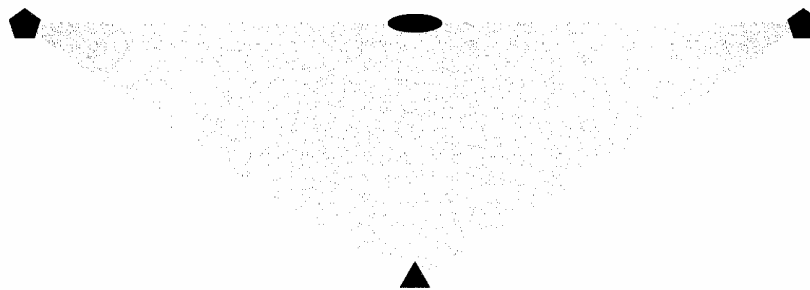
3667 particles

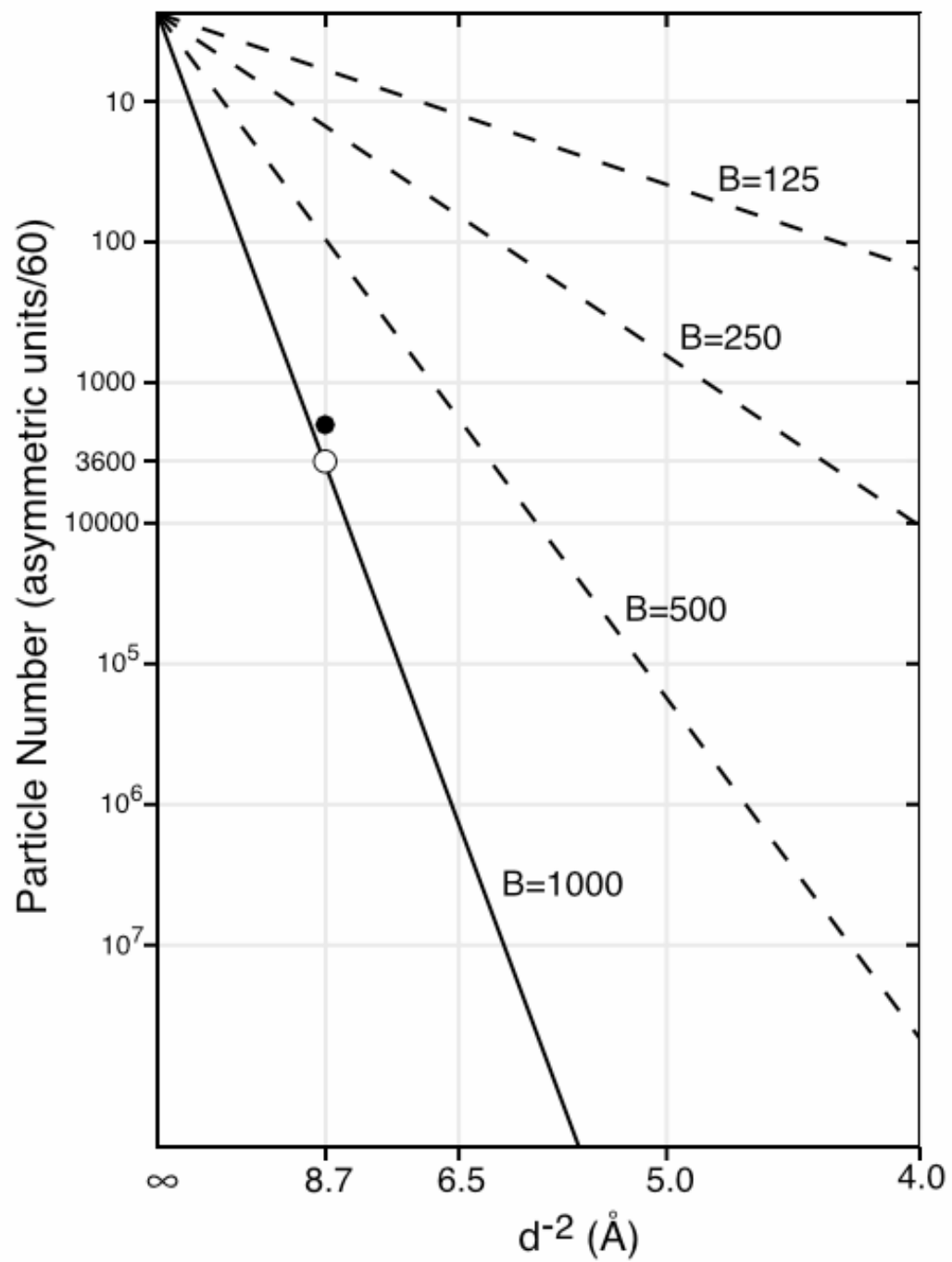














# Acknowledgements

Adenovirus

Adrian, Dubochet, Lepault & McDowell

Hepatitis B virus cores

Böttcher, Wynne & Crowther

Frealign, Complex I, Clathrin

Grigorieff, Smith & Pearse

H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase

Rhee, Scarborough

Pyruvate dehydrogenase

Rosenthal, Milne, Subramaniam, Perham, et al

EM simulator

McMullen